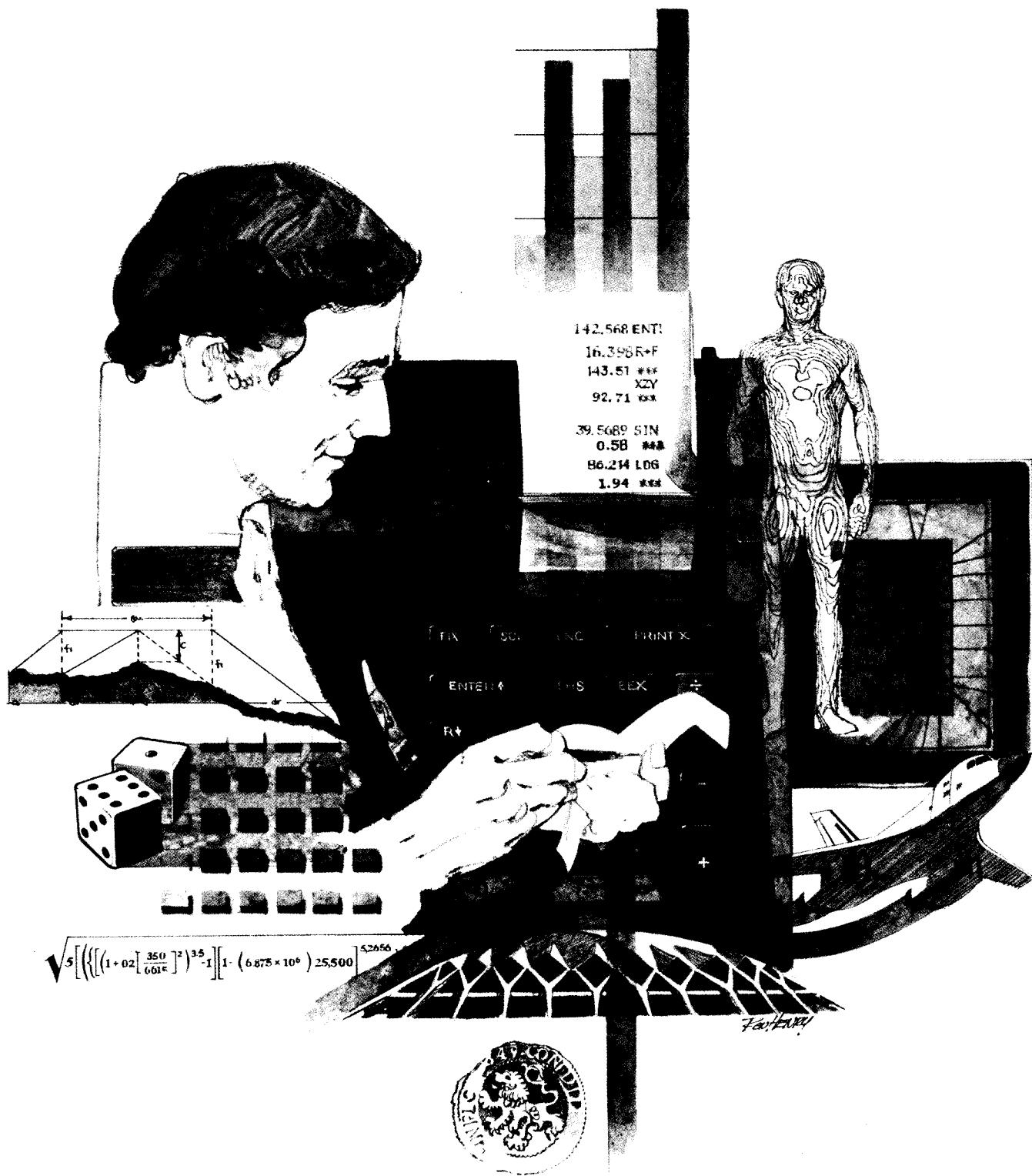


HEWLETT-PACKARD

HP-67/HP-97

Users' Library Solutions

High-Level Math



INTRODUCTION

In an effort to provide continued value to it's customers, Hewlett-Packard is introducing a unique service for the HP fully programmable calculator user. This service is designed to save you time and programming effort. As users are aware, Programmable Calculators are capable of delivering tremendous problem solving potential in terms of power and flexibility, but the real genie in the bottle is program solutions. HP's introduction of the first handheld programmable calculator in 1974 immediately led to a request for program **solutions** — hence the beginning of the HP-65 Users' Library. In order to save HP calculator customers time, users wrote their own programs and sent them to the Library for the benefit of other program users. In a short period of time over 5,000 programs were accepted and made available. This overwhelming response indicated the value of the program library and a Users' Library was then established for the HP-67/97 users.

To extend the value of the Users' Library, Hewlett-Packard is introducing a unique service—a service designed to save you time and money. The Users' Library has collected the best programs in the most popular categories from the HP-67/97 and HP-65 Libraries. These programs have been packaged into a series of low-cost books, resulting in substantial savings for our valued HP-67/97 users.

We feel this new software service will extend the capabilities of our programmable calculators and provide a great benefit to our HP-67/97 users.

A WORD ABOUT PROGRAM USAGE

Each program contained herein is reproduced on the standard forms used by the Users' Library. Magnetic cards are not included. The Program Description I page gives a basic description of the program. The Program Description II page provides a sample problem and the keystrokes used to solve it. The User Instructions page contains a description of the keystrokes used to solve problems in general and the options which are available to the user. The Program Listing I and Program Listing II pages list the program steps necessary to operate the calculator. The comments, listed next to the steps, describe the reason for a step or group of steps. Other pertinent information about data register contents, uses of labels and flags and the initial calculator status mode is also found on these pages. Following the directions in your HP-67 or HP-97 **Owners' Handbook and Programming Guide**, "Loading a Program" (page 134, HP-67; page 119, HP-97), key in the program from the Program Listing I and Program Listing II pages. A number at the top of the Program Listing indicates on which calculator the program was written (HP-67 or HP-97). If the calculator indicated differs from the calculator you will be using, consult Appendix E of your **Owner's Handbook** for the corresponding keycodes and keystrokes converting HP-67 to HP-97 keycodes and vice versa. No program conversion is necessary. The HP-67 and HP-97 are totally compatible, but some differences do occur in the keycodes used to represent some of the functions.

A program loaded into the HP-67 or HP-97 is not permanent—once the calculator is turned off, the program will not be retained. You can, however, permanently save any program by recording it on a blank magnetic card, several of which were provided in the Standard Pac that was shipped with your calculator. Consult your **Owner's Handbook** for full instructions. A few points to remember:

The Set Status section indicates the status of flags, angular mode, and display setting. After keying in your program, review the status section and set the conditions as indicated before using or permanently re-recording the program.

REMEMBER! To save the program permanently, **clip** the corners of the magnetic card once you have recorded the program. This simple step will protect the magnetic card and keep the program from being inadvertently erased.

As a part of HP's continuing effort to provide value to our customers, we hope you will enjoy our newest concept.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|--|----|
| EIGENVALUES FOR 3RD ORDER SYSTEM | 1 |
| Program calculates the eigenvalues of a 3rd order system described by $Ax = \lambda x$. | |
| EIGENVALUES/VECTORS OF 3RD ORDER SYSTEMS | 6 |
| For a given 3rd order matrix with distinct eigenvalues, the program calculates the eigenvalues and eigenvectors. The first (largest) eigenvalue and eigenvector are calculated by power method, while the 2nd and 3rd are calculated by deflation method. | |
| MATRIX ALGEBRA | 11 |
| For two matrices X and Y, each with dimensions less than or equal to three, the program will calculate X^*Y , $X+Y$, $X-Y$, aX , and bY where a and b are scalars. Non-square matrices X and Y are allowed. | |
| CHARACTERISTIC EQUATION OF A 4 X 4 MATRIX | 16 |
| This program automatically loads data by telling user when to input, and calculates the characteristic equation of a 4 by 4 matrix. | |
| ONE CARD DETERMINANT AND INVERSE OF A 5 X 5 MATRIX | 22 |
| Program calculates the determinant and inverse of a general real 5 by 5 matrix, on one card and with data entered only once. Expansion by minors is used to attain this advantage, although some accuracy is lost by not using pivots. The matrix data is left intact. | |
| SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS IN SIX UNKNOWN | 27 |
| Finds the solution for six simultaneous linear equations in six unknowns, using Crout's method. This two-card program will also compute the inverse and determinant of the coefficient matrix. | |
| ROOTS OF POLYNOMIALS | 35 |
| Finds real and/or complex roots of polynomials up to degree 14 with real coefficients. When a real (complex) root is found, the polynomial is depressed by the corresponding linear (quadratic) factor, until all roots are found. Newtons method is used, with a modification to prevent diverging iterations. | |
| MISCELLANEOUS SPECIAL FUNCTIONS A | 44 |
| Computes Gamma function, Gaussian hypergeometric function, Jacobian polynomial, Legendre polynomial, Gegenbauer polynomial, and first and second Chebychev polynomials. Works for positive or zero subscripts and superscripts, but for large subscripts can be slow. Gamma function for $0 < x < 70.95$. | |
| MISCELLANEOUS SPECIAL FUNCTIONS B | 50 |
| Using a recursion relation to compute the Gegenbauer, Laguerre, Hermite, Legendre, and Chebychev (both first and second kind) polynomials. A special key enables one, by inputting alternate starting values, to compute polynomials with non-integer subscripts. Starting values can be computed for non-integer subscripts by using Miscellaneous Special Functions A. | |
| INCOMPLETE GAMMA FUNCTION | 55 |
| The upper-tail of the incomplete Gamma function is computed by continued fractions. Practical considerations restrict x to lie between 1 and 200. | |
| INCOMPLETE BETA FUNCTION | 59 |
| The complete Beta function is computed by continued fractions. Valid for arguments A and B greater than 0 and x between zero and one. Accuracy table included. | |
| INCOMPLETE ELLIPTIC INTEGRALS | 63 |
| This program will compute incomplete elliptic integrals of the first or second kind as well as any linear combination of them. | |

Program Description I

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|----|-----------------|-------|
| Program Title | Eigenvalues for 3rd Order System | | | | |
| Contributor's Name | Hewlett-Packard Company | | | | |
| Address | 1000 N. E. Circle Boulevard | | | | |
| City | Corvallis | State | OR | Zip Code | 97330 |

Program Description, Equations, Variables This program solves eigenvalues of a 3rd-Order system described by $Ax = \lambda x$, i.e.

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \lambda \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Eigenvalues λ_1 , λ_2 , and λ_3 are solved from

$$\det(\lambda I - A) = 0$$

Roots for the cubic equation is solved by using the exact formula.

Operating Limits and Warnings

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

NEITHER HP NOR THE CONTRIBUTOR MAKES ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF ANY KIND WITH REGARD TO THIS PROGRAM MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. NEITHER HP NOR THE CONTRIBUTOR SHALL BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH OR ARISING OUT OF THE FURNISHING, USE OR PERFORMANCE OF THIS PROGRAM MATERIAL.

Program Description II

Sketch(es)

Sample Problem(s)

$$(1) \quad A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -0.05 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(2) \quad A_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 13 & -3 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \\ -15 & 9 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(3) \quad A_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution(s) Load side 1 and 2, Switch to [NORM]

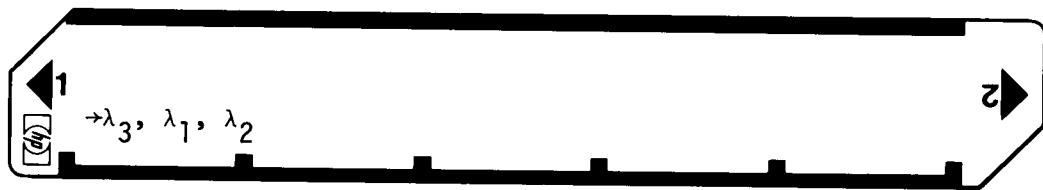
- (1) 1 [STO] 1, 0 [STO] 2, 1 [CHS] [STO] 8, 0.05 [CHS] [STO] 9;
 $[A] \rightarrow \lambda_3 = 1, \lambda_1, \lambda_2 = -0.025 \pm 0.9997j$
- (2) 13 [STO] 1, 0 [STO] 2, 0 [STO] 8, 7 [CHS] [STO] 9;
 $[A] \rightarrow \lambda_3 = 8, \lambda_1 = 4, \lambda_2 = -2$
- (3) 1 [STO] 1, 0 [STO] 2,
 $[A] \rightarrow \lambda_3 = 1, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = 0$

Reference(s) (1) C.G. CULLEN, Matrices and Linear Transformations

Addison-Wesley Publishing Co. 1967

(2) HP-97 Standard Pac program 09.

User Instructions



| STEP | INSTRUCTIONS | INPUT DATA/UNITS | KEYS | OUTPUT DATA/UNITS |
|--|-----------------------------|--|---|--|
| 1 | Load side 1 and side 2 | | | |
| 2 | Switch to [NORM] | | | |
| 3 | Input elements of A matrix | a_{11} a_{21} a_{31} a_{12} a_{22} a_{32} a_{13} a_{23} a_{33} | STO 1 STO 2 STO 3 STO 4 STO 5 STO 6 STO 7 STO 8 STO 9 | a_{11} a_{21} a_{31} a_{12} a_{22} a_{32} a_{13} a_{23} a_{33} |
| 4 | Calculate eigenvalues | | A | $\lambda_3, \lambda_1, \lambda_2^*$ |
| 5 | For a new case go to step 3 | | | |
| *Note: The print out will be of the form | | | | |
| $x.xxxx (\lambda_3)$ | | | | |
| $x.xxxx T (\lambda_1, \text{real})$ | | | | |
| $x.xxxx Z (\lambda_1, \text{imagin.})$ | | | | |
| $x.xxxx Y (\lambda_2, \text{real})$ | | | | |
| $x.xxxx X (\lambda_2, \text{imagin.})$ | | | | |

97 Program Listing I

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-----------|----------|--|------|-------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| 001 | *LBLA | 21 11 | | 057 | CF0 | 16 22 00 | |
| 002 | SPC | 16-11 | | 058 | CF1 | 16 22 01 | |
| 003 | 1 | 01 | | 059 | RCL0 | 36 00 | |
| 004 | 0 | 00 | Calculate coefficients of the 3rd order polynomial | 060 | X=? | 16-43 | |
| 005 | STO1 | 35 46 | | 061 | GTOd | 22 16 14 | |
| 006 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | 062 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 007 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | 063 | 3 | 03 | |
| 008 | RCL5 | 36 05 | | 064 | x | -35 | |
| 009 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | 065 | RCL2 | 36 02 | |
| 010 | GSB9 | 23 09 | | 066 | x ² | 53 | |
| 011 | RCL1 | 36 01 | | 067 | - | -45 | |
| 012 | x | -35 | | 068 | 9 | 09 | |
| 013 | STO1 | 35 45 | | 069 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 014 | RCL2 | 36 02 | | 070 | STO3 | 35 03 | Solve for the real root λ_3 |
| 015 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | 071 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 016 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | 072 | RCL2 | 36 02 | |
| 017 | RCL3 | 36 03 | | 073 | x | -35 | |
| 018 | GSB9 | 23 09 | | 074 | 9 | 09 | |
| 019 | RCL4 | 36 04 | | 075 | x | -35 | |
| 020 | x | -35 | | 076 | RCL0 | 36 00 | |
| 021 | ST+i | 35-55 45 | | 077 | 2 | 02 | |
| 022 | RCL3 | 36 03 | | 078 | 7 | 07 | |
| 023 | RCL5 | 36 05 | | 079 | x | -35 | |
| 024 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | 080 | - | -45 | |
| 025 | RCL2 | 36 02 | | 081 | RCL2 | 36 02 | |
| 026 | GSB9 | 23 09 | | 082 | 3 | 03 | |
| 027 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | 083 | y ^x | 31 | |
| 028 | x | -35 | | 084 | 2 | 02 | |
| 029 | ST+i | 35-55 45 | | 085 | x | -35 | |
| 030 | ISZI | 16 26 46 | | 086 | - | -45 | |
| 031 | RCL1 | 36 01 | | 087 | 5 | 05 | |
| 032 | RCL5 | 36 05 | | 088 | 4 | 04 | |
| 033 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | 089 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 034 | RCL3 | 36 03 | | 090 | STO4 | 35 04 | |
| 035 | GSB9 | 23 09 | | 091 | x ² | 53 | |
| 036 | STO1 | 35 45 | | 092 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 037 | RCL1 | 36 01 | | 093 | 3 | 03 | |
| 038 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | 094 | y ^x | 31 | |
| 039 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | 095 | + | -55 | |
| 040 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | 096 | 0 | 00 | |
| 041 | GSB9 | 23 09 | | 097 | X≤Y? | 16-35 | |
| 042 | ST+i | 35-55 45 | | 098 | GTO3 | 22 03 | |
| 043 | RCL5 | 36 05 | | 099 | RCL4 | 36 04 | |
| 044 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | 100 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 045 | RCL4 | 36 04 | | 101 | 3 | 03 | |
| 046 | RCL2 | 36 02 | | 102 | y ^x | 31 | |
| 047 | GSB9 | 23 09 | | 103 | CHS | -22 | |
| 048 | ST+i | 35-55 45 | | 104 | JK | 54 | |
| 049 | RCL1 | 36 01 | | 105 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 050 | RCL5 | 36 05 | | 106 | COS ⁻¹ | 16 42 | |
| 051 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | 107 | 3 | 03 | |
| 052 | + | -55 | | 108 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 053 | + | -55 | | 109 | COS | 42 | |
| 054 | CHS | -22 | | 110 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 055 | P±S | 16-51 | | 111 | CHS | -22 | |
| 056 | STO2 | 35 02 | | 112 | JK | 54 | |

REGISTERS

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 0 | 1 a ₁₁ | 2 a ₂₁ | 3 a ₃₁ | 4 a ₂₁ | 5 a ₂₂ | 6 a ₃₂ | 7 a ₁₃ | 8 a ₂₃ | 9 a ₃₃ |
| S ₀ ^ S ⁰ | S ₁ ^ S ¹ | S ₂ ^ S ² | S ₃ Q | S ₄ R | S ₅ S | S ₆ T | S ₇ ^ S ⁰ | S ₈ ^ S ⁰ | S ₉ |
| A | B | ✓ | C -σ (or $-\frac{b}{2}$) | D ω (or $\sqrt{\frac{c}{2}}$) | E | λ_3 | I | Index | |

97 Program Listing II

5

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|------------------|----------|--|------|------------------|----------|--------------------------------|
| 113 | X | -35 | | 169 | GT01 | 22 01 | |
| 114 | 2 | 02 | | 170 | RCLD | 36 14 | |
| 115 | X | -35 | | 171 | + | -55 | |
| 116 | GT04 | 22 04 | | 172 | 0 | 00 | |
| 117 | *LBL3 | 21 03 | | 173 | RCLC | 36 13 | |
| 118 | X ² Y | -41 | | 174 | RCLD | 36 14 | |
| 119 | JK | 54 | | 175 | - | -45 | |
| 120 | ST09 | 35 09 | | 176 | 0 | 00 | |
| 121 | RCL4 | 36 04 | | 177 | GT08 | 22 08 | |
| 122 | + | -55 | | 178 | *LBL1 | 21 01 | |
| 123 | GSB5 | 23 05 | S and T | 179 | RCLD | 36 14 | |
| 124 | RCL4 | 36 04 | | 180 | RCLC | 36 13 | |
| 125 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | 181 | RCLD | 36 14 | |
| 126 | - | -45 | | 182 | CHS | -22 | |
| 127 | GSB5 | 23 05 | | 183 | *LBL8 | 21 08 | Complex λ_1, λ_2 |
| 128 | + | -55 | | 184 | PRT | 16-14 | |
| 129 | *LBL4 | 21 04 | | 185 | P ² S | 16-51 | |
| 130 | RCL2 | 36 02 | | 186 | SPC | 16-11 | |
| 131 | 3 | 03 | | 187 | RTN | 24 | |
| 132 | ÷ | -24 | | 188 | *LBL9 | 21 09 | |
| 133 | - | -45 | λ_3 | 189 | X | -35 | |
| 134 | ST0E | 35 15 | | 190 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 135 | PRTX | -14 | | 191 | X | -35 | Multiply |
| 136 | *LBL2 | 21 02 | | 192 | R↑ | 16-31 | |
| 137 | RCL2 | 36 02 | | 193 | - | -45 | Subtract |
| 138 | RCLE | 36 15 | | 194 | RTN | 24 | |
| 139 | + | -55 | | 195 | *LBL5 | 21 05 | |
| 140 | ST08 | 35 08 | | 196 | X>0? | 16-45 | |
| 141 | RCL8 | 36 00 | | 197 | GSB6 | 23 06 | |
| 142 | RCLE | 36 15 | | 198 | 1 | 01 | |
| 143 | ÷ | -24 | | 199 | ENT↑ | -21 | |
| 144 | CHS | -22 | | 200 | 3 | 03 | $\sqrt[3]{}$ |
| 145 | ST07 | 35 07 | Reduce to 2nd order and calcu- late λ_1, λ_2 | 201 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 146 | *LBL7 | 21 07 | | 202 | Y ^x | 31 | |
| 147 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | 203 | F2? | 16 23 02 | |
| 148 | X ² | 53 | | 204 | CHS | -22 | |
| 149 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | 205 | RTN | 24 | |
| 150 | 4 | 04 | | 206 | *LBL6 | 21 06 | |
| 151 | X | -35 | | 207 | SF2 | 16 21 02 | |
| 152 | - | -45 | | 208 | CHS | -22 | Negative $\sqrt[3]{}$ |
| 153 | CHS | -22 | | 209 | RTN | 24 | |
| 154 | X>0? | 16-44 | | 210 | *LBLd | 21 16 14 | |
| 155 | SF1 | 16 21 01 | | 211 | PRTX | -14 | |
| 156 | X=0? | 16-43 | | 212 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 157 | SF0 | 16 21 00 | | 213 | ST07 | 35 07 | For $\lambda_3 = 0$ |
| 158 | ABS | 16 31 | | 214 | RCL2 | 36 02 | |
| 159 | JK | 54 | | 215 | ST08 | 35 08 | |
| 160 | 2 | 02 | | 216 | GT07 | 22 07 | |
| 161 | ÷ | -24 | | 217 | R/S | 51 | |
| 162 | ST0D | 35 14 | | 220 | | | |
| 163 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | | | | |
| 164 | CHS | -22 | | | | | |
| 165 | 2 | 02 | | | | | |
| 166 | ÷ | -24 | | | | | |
| 167 | ST0C | 35 13 | | | | | |
| 168 | F1? | 16 23 01 | | | | | |

LABELS

FLAGS

SET STATUS

| A $\rightarrow \lambda_3, \lambda_1, \lambda_2$ | B | C | D | E | 0 Double | FLAGS | TRIG | DISP |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| a | b | c | d zero λ_3 | e | 1 Complex | ON OFF | DEG <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | FIX <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 0 | ¹ Complex | ² 2nd order | ³ S and T | ⁴ λ_3 | ² <0 | 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | GRAD <input type="checkbox"/> | SCI <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 $\sqrt[3]{}$ | ⁶ SF2, CHS | ⁷ USED | ⁸ Print | ⁹ \times \ominus | ³ | 2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | RAD <input type="checkbox"/> | ENG <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | | | | | 3 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | n <u>4</u> | |

Program Description I

| | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------|-----------------------|
| Program Title | Eigenvalues/vectors of 3rd-order Systems W/Distinct Real Eigenvalues. | | |
| Contributor's Name | Hewlett-Packard Company, APD | | |
| Address | 19310 Pruneridge Avenue | | |
| City | Cupertino | State | Ca |
| | | | Zip Code 95014 |

Program Description, Equations, Variables For a system matrix A, the eigenvalues are found from $AX = \lambda X$

(a) Power method

Assume the eigenvalues of A are λ_1, λ_2 and λ_3 where $|\lambda_1| > |\lambda_2| \geq |\lambda_3|$.

Now let A operate repeatedly on a vector v, which we express as a linear combination of the eigenvectors $v = c_1 v_1 + c_2 v_2 + c_3 v_3$ then

$$Av = c_1 A v_1 + c_2 A v_2 + c_3 A v_3 = \lambda_1 (c_1 v_1 + c_2 \frac{\lambda_2}{\lambda_1} v_2 + c_3 \frac{\lambda_3}{\lambda_1} v_3)$$

$$A^P v = \lambda_1^P [c_1 v_1 + c_2 (\frac{\lambda_2}{\lambda_1})^P v_2 + c_3 (\frac{\lambda_3}{\lambda_1})^P v_3]$$

$$\text{therefore } \lambda_1 = \lim_{P \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(A^{P+1} v)_1}{(A^P v)_1}$$

(b) For deflation method, refer to reference (2).

Operating Limits and Warnings Only works for systems with distinct real eigenvalues with a "good" guess of the initial eigenvector v_1 . If a first component of the eigenvectors is zero, then it is necessary to do similarity transformations in order to use this program

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Program Description II

7

Sketch(es)

| |
|------------|
| Sketch(es) |
|------------|

Sample Problem(s)

$$(1) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \lambda_1 = -5, \quad \lambda_2 = -1, \quad \lambda_3 = -3$$
$$\quad \quad \quad v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad v_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\quad \quad \quad \lambda_1 = 0.06, \quad \lambda_2 = -0.02, \quad \lambda_3 = 0.01$$
$$(2) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} -3.06 & -1.98 & 4.26 \\ 1.04 & 0.67 & -1.47 \\ -1.76 & -1.14 & 2.44 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \lambda_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1/2 \\ 1/2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \lambda_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4/3 \\ 4/3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \lambda_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -5/6 \\ 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

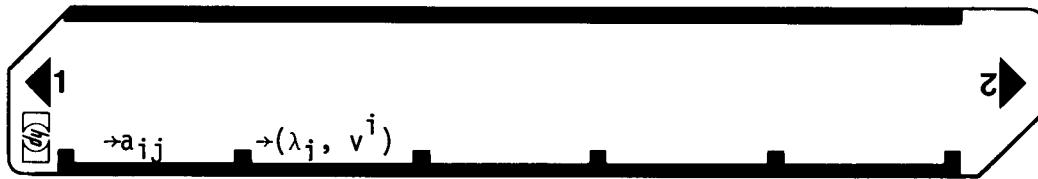
Solution(s) (1) [NORM] [f] [CL REG] 3 [CHS] [STO] 1, 2 [STO] 2, 0 [STO] 3, [STO] 7, 1 [STO] 4, [STO] 6, 3 [CHS] [STO] 5, [STO] 9, 2 [STO] 8, [A] \rightarrow a_{ij} , 1 [STO] [A], [B] \rightarrow $\lambda_1, v_1, \lambda_2, v_2, \lambda_3, v_3$

(2) [NORM] [f] [CL REG] 3.06 [CHS] [STO] 1, 1.04 [STO] 2, 1.76 [CHS] [STO] 3, 1.98 [CHS] [STO] 4, 0.67 [STO] 5, 1.14 [CHS] [STO] 6, 4.26 [STO] 7, 1.47 [CHS] [STO] 8, 2.44 [STO] 9 [A] \rightarrow a_{ij} , 1 [STO] [A], [STO] [B], [STO] [C], [B] \rightarrow $\lambda_1, v_1, \lambda_2, v_2, \lambda_3, v_3$

Reference(s) (1) Charles Cullen, Matrices and Linear Transformations.
ADDISON-WESLEY PUB. COMPANY, MARCH 1967

(2) Carl-Erik Froberg, Intro. to Numerical Analysis
ADDISON-WESLEY PUB. COMPANY, 1969

User Instructions



97 Program Listing I

9

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-----------|----------|---------------------------------|------|-----------|----------|----------|
| 001 | *LBLA | 21 11 | | 057 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 002 | 0 | 00 | | 058 | DSP9 | -63 09 | |
| 003 | STOI | 35 46 | | 059 | RND | 16 24 | |
| 004 | *LBL1 | 21 01 | | 060 | RCL0 | 36 00 | |
| 005 | ISZI | 16 26 46 | | 061 | RND | 16 24 | |
| 006 | RCLI | 36 45 | | 062 | X=Y? | 16-33 | |
| 007 | PRTX | -14 | | 063 | GT00 | 22 00 | |
| 008 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 064 | RCLD | 36 14 | |
| 009 | 3 | 03 | Print a_{ij} | 065 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 010 | X=Y? | 16-33 | | 066 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 011 | SPC | 16-11 | | 067 | ST00 | 35 00 | |
| 012 | X≠Y | -41 | | 068 | RCLD | 36 14 | |
| 013 | 6 | 06 | | 069 | STOA | 35 11 | |
| 014 | X=Y? | 16-33 | | 070 | RCLE | 36 15 | |
| 015 | SPC | 16-11 | | 071 | STOB | 35 12 | |
| 016 | X≠Y | -41 | | 072 | RCLI | 36 46 | |
| 017 | 9 | 09 | | 073 | STOC | 35 13 | |
| 018 | X=Y? | 16-33 | | 074 | GT03 | 22 03 | |
| 019 | GT07 | 22 07 | | 075 | *LBL0 | 21 00 | |
| 020 | GT01 | 22 01 | | 076 | DSP4 | -63 04 | |
| 021 | *LBLB | 21 12 | | 077 | GSB8 | 23 08 | |
| 022 | SPC | 16-11 | | 078 | 1 | 01 | |
| 023 | CF0 | 16 22 00 | Calculate λ_1 and v^1 | 079 | STOA | 35 11 | |
| 024 | *LBL3 | 21 03 | | 080 | PRTX | -14 | |
| 025 | RCLI | 36 01 | | 081 | RCLE | 36 15 | |
| 026 | RCLA | 36 11 | | 082 | RCLD | 36 14 | |
| 027 | RCL4 | 36 04 | | 083 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 028 | RCLB | 36 12 | | 084 | STOB | 35 12 | |
| 029 | GSB9 | 23 09 | | 085 | PRTX | -14 | |
| 030 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | 086 | RCLI | 36 46 | |
| 031 | RCLC | 36 13 | Iteration: power method | 087 | RCLD | 36 14 | |
| 032 | x | -35 | | 088 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 033 | + | -55 | | 089 | STOC | 35 13 | |
| 034 | STOD | 35 14 | | 090 | GSB8 | 23 08 | |
| 035 | RCL2 | 36 02 | | 091 | SPC | 16-11 | |
| 036 | RCLA | 36 11 | | 092 | RCL5 | 36 05 | |
| 037 | RCL5 | 36 05 | | 093 | RCLB | 36 12 | |
| 038 | RCLB | 36 12 | | 094 | RCL4 | 36 04 | |
| 039 | GSB9 | 23 09 | | 095 | x | -35 | |
| 040 | RCL8 | 36 06 | | 096 | - | -45 | |
| 041 | RCLC | 36 13 | | 097 | P±S | 16-51 | |
| 042 | x | -35 | | 098 | ST06 | 35 06 | |
| 043 | + | -55 | | 099 | P±S | 16-51 | |
| 044 | STOE | 35 15 | | 100 | RCL6 | 36 06 | |
| 045 | RCL3 | 36 03 | | 101 | RCLC | 36 13 | |
| 046 | RCLA | 36 11 | | 102 | RCL4 | 36 04 | |
| 047 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | 103 | x | -35 | |
| 048 | RCLB | 36 12 | | 104 | - | -45 | |
| 049 | GSB9 | 23 09 | | 105 | P±S | 16-51 | |
| 050 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | 106 | ST07 | 35 07 | |
| 051 | RCLC | 36 13 | | 107 | P±S | 16-51 | |
| 052 | x | -35 | | 108 | RCL8 | 36 06 | |
| 053 | + | -55 | | 109 | RCLB | 36 12 | |
| 054 | STOI | 35 46 | | 110 | RCL7 | 36 07 | |
| 055 | RCLD | 36 14 | | 111 | x | -35 | |
| 056 | RCLA | 36 11 | | 112 | - | -45 | |

REGISTERS

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 0 λ_1 | 1 a_{11} | 2 a_{21} | 3 a_{31} | 4 a_{12} | 5 a_{22} | 6 a_{32} | 7 a_{13} | 8 a_{23} | 9 a_{33} |
| S0 λ_3 | S1 z_1, v_1 | S2 z_2, v_2 | S3 z_3, v_3 | S4 z_2, v_2 | S5 z_3, v_3 | S6 b_{11} | S7 b_{21} | S8 b_{12} | S9 b_{22} |
| A Temp, $(x_1^1)_k = 1$ | B $(\lambda_2^1)_k$ | C $(x_3^1)_k$ | D Temp Av ₁ ¹ , $-\frac{b}{2}$ | E Temp Av ₂ ¹ , $\sqrt{\frac{b}{2}}$ | F Temp Av ₃ ¹ | | | | |

97 Program Listing II

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|----------------|----------|---|------|----------------|----------|--------------------------|
| 113 | P \pm S | 16-51 | | 169 | P \pm S | 16-51 | |
| 114 | ST08 | 35 08 | | 170 | RCL0 | 36 00 | |
| 115 | P \pm S | 16-51 | | 171 | X \mp Y | -41 | |
| 116 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | 172 | - | -45 | |
| 117 | RCLC | 36 13 | | 173 | \div | -24 | |
| 118 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | 174 | ST \div 1 | 35-24 01 | |
| 119 | X | -35 | | 175 | ST \div 2 | 35-24 02 | |
| 120 | - | -45 | | 176 | RCLB | 36 12 | |
| 121 | P \pm S | 16-51 | | 177 | ST+1 | 35-55 01 | |
| 122 | ST09 | 35 09 | | 178 | RCLC | 36 13 | |
| 123 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | 179 | ST+2 | 35-55 02 | |
| 124 | + | -55 | | 180 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 125 | STOI | 35 46 | | 181 | PRTX | -14 | |
| 126 | X \mp | 53 | and solve for the eigenvalues λ_2 and λ_3 | 182 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 127 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | 183 | PRTX | -14 | |
| 128 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | 184 | RCL2 | 36 02 | |
| 129 | X | -35 | | 185 | P \pm S | 16-51 | |
| 130 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | 186 | GSB8 | 23 08 | |
| 131 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | 187 | SPC | 16-11 | |
| 132 | X | -35 | | 188 | F0? | 16 23 08 | |
| 133 | - | -45 | | 189 | RTN | 24 | |
| 134 | 4 | 04 | | 190 | SF0 | 16 21 08 | |
| 135 | X | -35 | | 191 | P \pm S | 16-51 | |
| 136 | - | -45 | | 192 | RCL0 | 36 00 | |
| 137 | JX | 54 | | 193 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 138 | 2 | 02 | | 194 | ST00 | 35 00 | |
| 139 | \div | -24 | | 195 | X \mp Y | -41 | |
| 140 | ST0D | 35 14 | | 196 | ST03 | 35 03 | |
| 141 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 197 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 142 | 2 | 02 | | 198 | RCL2 | 36 02 | |
| 143 | \div | -24 | | 199 | RCL4 | 36 04 | |
| 144 | STOE | 35 15 | | 200 | RCL5 | 36 05 | |
| 145 | RCLD | 36 14 | | 201 | ST02 | 35 02 | Calculate v ³ |
| 146 | - | -45 | | 202 | R \downarrow | -31 | |
| 147 | ST08 | 35 08 | | 203 | ST01 | 35 01 | |
| 148 | RCLE | 36 15 | | 204 | R \downarrow | -31 | |
| 149 | RCLD | 36 14 | | 205 | ST05 | 35 05 | |
| 150 | + | -55 | | 206 | R \downarrow | -31 | |
| 151 | ST03 | 35 03 | | 207 | ST04 | 35 04 | |
| 152 | *LBL2 | 21 02 | | 208 | GT02 | 22 02 | |
| 153 | RCL0 | 36 00 | | 209 | *LBL9 | 21 09 | |
| 154 | GSB8 | 23 08 | | 210 | X | -35 | |
| 155 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | 211 | R \downarrow | -31 | |
| 156 | - | -45 | | 212 | X | -35 | x, + |
| 157 | ST02 | 35 02 | | 213 | R \uparrow | 16-31 | |
| 158 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | 214 | + | -55 | |
| 159 | ST01 | 35 01 | | 215 | RTN | 24 | |
| 160 | X \mp Y | -41 | | 216 | *LBL8 | 21 08 | |
| 161 | P \pm S | 16-51 | | 217 | PRTX | -14 | |
| 162 | RCL4 | 36 04 | Solve for v ² | 218 | *LBL7 | 21 07 | Print |
| 163 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | 219 | SPC | 16-11 | |
| 164 | R \downarrow | -31 | | 220 | RTN | 24 | |
| 165 | X \mp Y | -41 | | 221 | R/S | 51 | |
| 166 | R1 | 16-31 | | | | | |
| 167 | GSB9 | 23 09 | | | | | |
| 168 | RCL0 | 36 00 | | | | | |

LABELS

FLAGS

SET STATUS

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|--------|------------------|--|---|---|
| A | a _{ij} | B λ _i 's & v _i | C | D | E | 0 v ³ | FLAGS | TRIG | DISP |
| a | b | c | d | e | | 1 | ON OFF | | |
| 0 λ ₁ , v ¹ | 1 | 2 v ² , v ³ | 3 | 4 | | 2 | 0 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DEG <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | FIX <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 | 6 | | 7 | 8 | 9 x, + | 3 | 1 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | GRAD <input type="checkbox"/> | SCI <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | | | | | | 2 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | RAD <input type="checkbox"/> | ENG <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | | | | | | 3 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | n <u>4</u> | |

Program Description I

| | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|----------|-------|
| Program Title | Matrix Algebra | | |
| Contributor's Name | Jeffery J. Straw | | |
| Address | 419 Michigan St., Apt. 4 | | |
| City | Hancock | State | MI |
| | | Zip Code | 49930 |

Program Description, Equations, Variables

For two matrices X and Y , each with dimensions less than or equal to three, this program will solve for the product or sum of them, the difference between them, or the result of a scalar multiplication of either. Each matrix is stored upper left justified in a 3×3 array. With the exceptions of the scalar multiplication of Y and the copying of X into Y , all results replace the matrix X and are upper left justified.

Equations used are:

$$\text{Matrix Product: } X_{ij} = \sum_{n=1}^3 X_{in} Y_{nj}, \quad i = 1,2,3; \quad j = 1,2,3$$

Matrix Sum or

$$\text{Difference: } X_{ij} = X_{ij} \pm Y_{ij}, \quad i = 1,2,3; \quad j = 1,2,3$$

$$\text{Scalar Multiplication: } X_{ij} = aX_{ij} \text{ or } Y_{ij} = bY_{ij}, \quad i = 1,2,3; \quad j = 1,2,3$$

Operating Limits and Warnings The product of two matrices where the number of columns of the first is unequal to the number of rows of the second is undefined, as is the sum or difference of two matrices of unequal dimension. These illegal operations will be undetected by this program, since it assumes each matrix is a submatrix of a 3×3 , all undefined elements of which are zero. Correct answers will result for legal operations, but care must be taken that the operations are indeed legal.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

NEITHER HP NOR THE CONTRIBUTOR MAKES ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF ANY KIND WITH REGARD TO THIS PROGRAM MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. NEITHER HP NOR THE CONTRIBUTOR SHALL BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH OR ARISING OUT OF THE FURNISHING, USE OR PERFORMANCE OF THIS PROGRAM MATERIAL.

Program Description II

Sketch(es)

The matrix $X = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ is stored as $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Sample Problem(s)

Given the following matrices, find P^*Q :

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 7 & 4 \\ 1 & 6 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solution(s)

3 [A] → 0.00

2 [R/S] 7 [R/S] 4 [R/S] 1 [R/S] 6 [R/S] 3 [R/S] → 3.00

2 [B] → 0.00

9 [R/S] 4 [R/S] 1 [R/S] 4 [R/S] 2 [R/S] 5 [R/S] → 5.00

[C] → 0.00

[f] [A] → 33.00*** 56.00*** 0.00***

21.00*** 43.00*** 0.00***

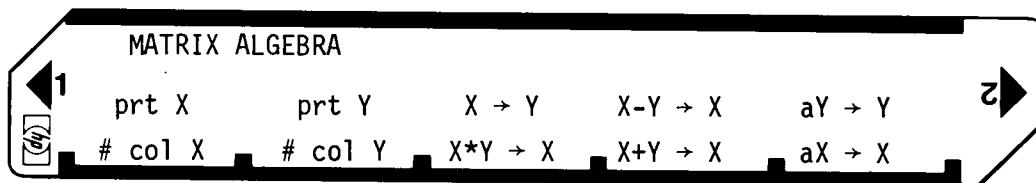
0.00*** 0.00*** 0.00***

P^*Q is given in the upper left 2x2 submatrix.

Reference(s)

User Instructions

13



| STEP | INSTRUCTIONS | INPUT DATA/UNITS | KEYS | OUTPUT DATA/UNITS |
|------|--|------------------|---|---------------------|
| 1 | Load Side 1 and Side 2 | | | |
| 2 | Input number of columns in matrix X | n | A | 0.00 |
| 3 | Enter elements of the matrix X by rows | X _{ij} | R/S | X _{ij} |
| | Repeat step 3 until all elements are entered | | | |
| 4 | To copy X into Y, go to step 10 | | | |
| | To multiply X by a scalar, go to step 11 | | | |
| 5 | Input number of columns in matrix Y | m | B | 0.00 |
| 6 | Enter elements of the matrix Y by rows | Y _{ij} | | Y _{ij} |
| | Repeat step 6 until all elements are entered | | | |
| 7 | For matrix multiplication (X*Y → X) | | C | 0.00 |
| 8 | For matrix addition (X+Y → X) | | D | 0.00 |
| 9 | For matrix subtraction (X-Y → X) | | | |
| 10 | To copy X into Y (X → Y) | | f C | 0.00 |
| 11 | To multiply X by a scalar (aX → X) | a | E | a |
| 12 | To multiply Y by a scalar (aY → Y) | a | f E | a |
| 13 | To print (display) the matrix X (All 9 elements of the 3x3 are given by rows. The result is upper left justified.) | | f A | X _{ij} *** |
| 14 | To print (display) the matrix Y (Same note above applies.) | | f B | Y _{ij} *** |
| 15 | To interchange X and Y | | f P ² S | |
| 16 | For further operations, go to the appropriate step, 2-15 | | | |
| 17 | To Clear X | x | f CL REG | x |
| 18 | To Clear Y | x | f P ² S f CL REG f P ² S | |

97 Program Listing I

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-----------|----------|--------------------------------------|------|------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| 001 | *LBLA | 21 11 | | 057 | RCL _E | 36 15 | |
| 002 | CF0 | 16 22 00 | | 058 | ST03 | 35 03 | |
| 003 | CLRG | 16-53 | Initialize X to all zeros | 059 | RCL4 | 36 04 | |
| 004 | GT00 | 22 00 | | 060 | ST0A | 35 11 | |
| 005 | *LBLB | 21 12 | | 061 | RCL5 | 36 05 | |
| 006 | SF0 | 16 21 00 | | 062 | ST0B | 35 12 | |
| 007 | F#S | 16-51 | | 063 | RCL6 | 36 06 | |
| 008 | CLRG | 16-53 | Initialize Y to 0. | 064 | ST0C | 35 13 | |
| 009 | F#S | 16-51 | | 065 | GSB2 | 23 02 | |
| 010 | *LBL0 | 21 00 | Test # of columns for proper range | 066 | ST04 | 35 04 | |
| 011 | ABS | 16 31 | (if #=0, it is treated as 3) | 067 | RCLD | 36 14 | |
| 012 | INT | 16 34 | | 068 | ST05 | 35 05 | |
| 013 | ST00 | 35 00 | | 069 | RCL _E | 36 15 | |
| 014 | 4 | 04 | | 070 | ST06 | 35 06 | |
| 015 | X#Y? | 16-35 | Error display | 071 | RCL7 | 36 07 | |
| 016 | CLX | -51 | | 072 | ST0A | 35 11 | |
| 017 | 1/X | 52 | | 073 | RCL8 | 36 08 | |
| 018 | *LBL1 | 21 01 | Loop for entering data | 074 | ST0B | 35 12 | |
| 019 | RCLA | 36 11 | | 075 | RCL9 | 36 09 | |
| 020 | R/S | 51 | | 076 | ST0C | 35 13 | |
| 021 | ISZI | 16 26 46 | | 077 | GSB2 | 23 02 | |
| 022 | F0? | 16 23 00 | | 078 | ST07 | 35 07 | |
| 023 | F#S | 16-51 | | 079 | RCLD | 36 14 | |
| 024 | ST0I | 35 45 | | 080 | ST08 | 35 08 | |
| 025 | F0? | 16 23 00 | | 081 | RCL _E | 36 15 | |
| 026 | F#S | 16-51 | | 082 | ST09 | 35 09 | |
| 027 | ST0A | 35 11 | | 083 | CLX | -51 | |
| 028 | RCL0 | 36 00 | This now done? If so, skip the | 084 | RTN | 24 | |
| 029 | RCLI | 36 46 | If so, skip the 'GTO 1" and reuse | 085 | *LBL2 | 21 02 | Matrix multiply subroutine |
| 030 | X#Y? | 16-32 | the I register | 086 | F#S | 16-51 | |
| 031 | GT01 | 22 01 | | 087 | RCL9 | 36 09 | |
| 032 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 088 | x | -35 | |
| 033 | 3 | 03 | | 089 | RCLB | 36 12 | |
| 034 | . | -62 | | 090 | RCL6 | 36 06 | |
| 035 | 1 | 01 | | 091 | x | -35 | |
| 036 | ÷ | -24 | | 092 | + | -55 | |
| 037 | INT | 16 34 | | 093 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 038 | 1 | 01 | | 094 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 039 | + | -55 | | 095 | x | -35 | |
| 040 | 3 | 03 | | 096 | + | -55 | |
| 041 | x | -35 | | 097 | ST0E | 35 15 | |
| 042 | ST0I | 35 46 | | 098 | RCLC | 36 13 | |
| 043 | 3 | 03 | | 099 | RCL8 | 36 08 | |
| 044 | ST+0 | 35-55 00 | | 100 | x | -35 | |
| 045 | GT01 | 22 01 | | 101 | RCLB | 36 12 | |
| 046 | *LBL0 | 21 13 | Matrix multiply routine, using | 102 | RCL5 | 36 05 | |
| 047 | RCL1 | 36 01 | registers A,B,C,D,E | 103 | x | -35 | |
| 048 | ST0A | 35 11 | for data transfer | 104 | + | -55 | |
| 049 | RCL2 | 36 02 | to subroutine 2, | 105 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 050 | ST0B | 35 12 | and from | 106 | RCL2 | 36 02 | |
| 051 | RCL3 | 36 03 | | 107 | x | -35 | |
| 052 | ST0C | 35 13 | | 108 | + | -55 | |
| 053 | GSB2 | 23 02 | | 109 | ST0D | 35 14 | |
| 054 | ST01 | 35 01 | | 110 | RCLC | 36 13 | |
| 055 | RCLD | 36 14 | | 111 | RCL7 | 36 07 | |
| 056 | ST02 | 35 02 | | 112 | x | -35 | |

REGISTERS

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| ⁰ Used | ¹ X ₁₁ | ² X ₁₂ | ³ X ₁₃ | ⁴ X ₂₁ | ⁵ X ₂₂ | ⁶ X ₂₃ | ⁷ X ₃₁ | ⁸ X ₃₂ | ⁹ X ₃₃ |
| S0 Used | S1 Y ₁₁ | S2 Y ₁₂ | S3 Y ₁₃ | S4 Y ₂₁ | S5 Y ₂₂ | S6 Y ₂₃ | S7 Y ₃₁ | S8 Y ₃₂ | S9 Y ₃₃ |
| A Used | B Used | C Used | D Used | E Used | F Used | G Used | H Used | I Used | J Used |

97 Program Listing II

15

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-------------------|----------|------------------------------|------|-------------------|----------|---|
| 113 | RCLB | 36 12 | | 169 | F1? | 16 23 01 | |
| 114 | RCL4 | 36 04 | | 170 | CHS | -22 | |
| 115 | X | -35 | | 171 | ST+i | 35-55 45 | |
| 116 | + | -55 | | 172 | DSZI | 16 25 46 | |
| 117 | RCLA | 36 11 | | 173 | GT07 | 22 07 | |
| 118 | RCL1 | 36 01 | | 174 | CLX | -51 | |
| 119 | X | -35 | | 175 | RTN | 24 | |
| 120 | + | -55 | | 176 | *LBL _e | 21 16 15 | Scalar multiplication routines - aX → X |
| 121 | P±S | 16-51 | | 177 | SF2 | 16 21 02 | (LBL e) or aY → Y |
| 122 | RTN | 24 | | 178 | P±S | 16-51 | (LBL e) |
| 123 | *LBL _b | 21 16 12 | Loop for displaying (67) | 179 | *LBL _e | 21 15 | |
| 124 | SF1 | 16 21 01 | or printing (97) | 180 | 9 | 09 | |
| 125 | GT03 | 22 03 | the contents | 181 | STO I | 35 46 | |
| 126 | *LBL _a | 21 16 11 | of matrix X | 182 | CLX | -51 | |
| 127 | CF1 | 16 22 01 | (LBL _a) or | 183 | + | -55 | |
| 128 | *LBL ₃ | 21 03 | matrix Y (LBL _b) | 184 | *LBL ₈ | 21 08 | |
| 129 | 1 | 01 | | 185 | STX i | 35-35 45 | |
| 130 | STOI | 35 46 | | 186 | DSZI | 16 25 46 | |
| 131 | *LBL ₄ | 21 04 | | 187 | GT08 | 22 08 | |
| 132 | F1? | 16 23 01 | | 188 | F2? | 16 23 02 | |
| 133 | P±S | 16-51 | | 189 | P±S | 16-51 | |
| 134 | RCLI | 36 45 | | 190 | RTN | 24 | |
| 135 | F1? | 16 23 01 | | 191 | R/S | 51 | |
| 136 | P±S | 16-51 | | | | | |
| 137 | PRTX | -14 | | | | | |
| 138 | ISZI | 16 26 46 | | | | | |
| 139 | 9 | 09 | | | | | |
| 140 | RCLI | 36 46 | | | | | |
| 141 | X≤Y? | 16-35 | | | | | |
| 142 | GT04 | 22 04 | | | | | |
| 143 | CLX | -51 | | | | | |
| 144 | RTN | 24 | | | | | |
| 145 | *LBL _c | 21 16 13 | X → Y loop | 200 | | | |
| 146 | 9 | 09 | | | | | |
| 147 | STOI | 35 46 | | | | | |
| 148 | *LBL ₅ | 21 05 | | | | | |
| 149 | RCLI | 36 45 | | | | | |
| 150 | P±S | 16-51 | | | | | |
| 151 | STOI | 35 45 | | | | | |
| 152 | P±S | 16-51 | | | | | |
| 153 | DSZI | 16 25 46 | | | | | |
| 154 | GT05 | 22 05 | | | | | |
| 155 | CLX | -51 | | | | | |
| 156 | RTN | 24 | | | | | |
| 157 | *LBL _d | 21 16 14 | matrix subtraction | | | | |
| 158 | SF1 | 16 21 01 | | | | | |
| 159 | GT06 | 22 06 | or | | | | |
| 160 | *LBL _D | 21 14 | addition routine | | | | |
| 161 | CF1 | 16 22 01 | | | | | |
| 162 | *LBL ₆ | 21 06 | | | | | |
| 163 | 9 | 09 | | | | | |
| 164 | STOI | 35 46 | | | | | |
| 165 | *LBL ₇ | 21 07 | | | | | |
| 166 | P±S | 16-51 | | | | | |
| 167 | RCLI | 36 45 | | | | | |
| 168 | P±S | 16-51 | | | | | |

LABELS

| LABELS | | | | | FLAGS | | SET STATUS | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|----------|--------------|------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|----------|--------------|----------|--------|------|------|
| A | # col X | B | # col Y | C | X*Y → X | D | X+Y → X | E | aX → X | 0 | X or Y | FLAGS | TRIG | DISP |
| ^a | prt X | ^b | prt Y | ^c | X → Y | ^d | X-Y → X | ^e | aY → Y | ¹ | used | ON OFF | DEG | FIX |
| ⁰ | OFLO? | ¹ | ent loop | ² | subroutine | ³ | a or b | ⁴ | prt loop | ² | aX or aY | 0 | GRAD | SCI |
| ⁵ | copy loop | ⁶ | d or D | ⁷ | ± loop | ⁸ | s mult loop | ⁹ | | ³ | | 2 | RAD | ENG |

Program Description I

Program Title 67 - Characteristic Equation of a 4 x 4 Matrix

Contributor's Name Matthew Bishop

Address 327 Forbes Avenue

City San Rafael

State California

Zip Code 94901

Program Description, Equations, Variables

Given $\begin{pmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 & a_4 \\ a_5 & a_6 & a_7 & a_8 \\ a_9 & a_{10} & a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} & a_{16} \end{pmatrix}$

The characteristic equation is $\lambda^4 + r_1\lambda^3 + r_2\lambda^2 + r_3\lambda + r_4 = 0$

where

$$r_1 = -(a_1 + a_6 + a_{11} + a_{16})$$

$$r_2 = (a_1 + a_{11})a_6 + (a_1 + a_{16})a_{11} + (a_1 + a_6)a_{16} - a_6a_{14} - a_{12}a_{15} - a_7a_{10} - a_2a_5 - a_3a_4 - a_4a_{13}$$

$$r_3 = -\det(A_1) - a_1(a_6a_{11} + a_6a_{16} + a_{11}a_{16} - a_8a_{14} - a_{12}a_{15} - a_7a_{10}) + a_2[a_5(a_{11} + a_{16}) - a_8a_{13} - a_7a_9] - a_3[-a_9(a_6 + a_{16}) + a_5a_{10} + a_{12}a_{13}] + a_4[a_{13}(a_6 + a_{11}) - a_9a_{15} - a_5a_{14}]$$

$$r_4 = a_1\det(A_1) - a_2\det(A_2) + a_3\det(A_3) - a_4\det(A_4)$$

where $A_1 = \begin{pmatrix} a_6 & a_7 & a_8 \\ a_{10} & a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{14} & a_{15} & a_{16} \end{pmatrix}$ $A_2 = \begin{pmatrix} a_5 & a_7 & a_8 \\ a_9 & a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{13} & a_{15} & a_{16} \end{pmatrix}$ $A_3 = \begin{pmatrix} a_5 & a_6 & a_8 \\ a_9 & a_{10} & a_{12} \\ a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{16} \end{pmatrix}$ and $A_4 = \begin{pmatrix} a_5 & a_6 & a_7 \\ a_9 & a_{10} & a_{11} \\ a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} \end{pmatrix}$

NOTE: Trace (A) = $-r_1$ det(A) = $-r_4$

Operating Limits and Warnings All storage registers are used.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Program Description II

Sketch(es)

Sample Problem(s) Find the characteristic equations of the matrices

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ & 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ & 3 & -1 & 0 & 2 \\ & -2 & -1 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\text{Ans. } \lambda^4 - \lambda^3 + 7\lambda + 2 = 0$$

$$2) \begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 & 0 & 2 \\ -2 & -1 & -1 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Ans. } \lambda^4 - \lambda^3 + 3\lambda^2 + 2\lambda - 5 = 0$$

Solution(s) 1) [A] -----> 1.00 Enter on successive pauses, in this order;
1,0,1,0,1,0,2,-1,3,-1,0,2,-2,-1,-1,0. Each time i+1 will be displayed, except after
the last 0 -----> -1.00,0.00, 7.00. 7.00 flashes, load
second card.

3) $\text{[A]}_0 = 0.1 \text{ M}$, $k = 1.00 \text{ L/mol s}$. Enter an expression for [A] as a function of time.

EZ-ENI -----> 1.00 Enter on successive pauses in this order:
1,0,0,0,1,0,2,-1,3,-1,0,2,-2,-1,-1,0. Each time i+1 will be displayed, except
after the last 0 ----->-1.00,3.00, 2.00. 2.00 flashes, load
second card -----> -5.00.

Reference(s)

User Instructions

CHARACTERISTIC EQUATION OF A 4 x 4 MATRIX
CARD I



Load Data



| STEP | INSTRUCTIONS | INPUT DATA/UNITS | KEYS | OUTPUT DATA/UNITS |
|---|--|------------------|------|-------------------------|
| 1. | Load Card 1 | | | |
| 2. | Initialize | | | |
| 3. | Load a_i , $1 \leq i \leq 15$ | a_i | A | 1. |
| 4. | Repeat step 3 until 16 is displayed then enter a_{16} . | a_{16} | | $i + 1$ |
| 5. | r_3 will flash for 1-second intervals. During any of these intervals, load side 1 of card 2. The program will then continue. | | | r_1 r_2 r_3 |
| 6. | For a new matrix go to 1. | | | r_4 |
| NOTE: DATA ENTRY ORDER: | | | | |
| $A = \begin{pmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 & a_4 \\ a_5 & a_6 & a_7 & a_8 \\ a_9 & a_{10} & a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} & a_{16} \end{pmatrix}$ | | | | |
| Also, $\text{trace}(A) = -r_1$ $\det(A) = -r_4$ | | | | |

97 Program Listing I

19

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-----------|----------|---|------|-----------|----------|------------------------|
| 001 | *LBL0 | 21 00 | | 057 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 002 | RCL5 | 36 05 | Compute the determinant of a 3 x 3 matrix | 058 | + | -55 | |
| 003 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | 059 | RCLI | 36 46 | |
| 004 | x | -35 | | 060 | + | -55 | |
| 005 | RCL6 | 36 06 | $\begin{pmatrix} R_1 & R_2 & R_3 \\ R_4 & R_5 & R_6 \\ R_7 & R_8 & R_9 \end{pmatrix}$ | 061 | CHS | -22 | |
| 006 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | 062 | PRTX | -14 | Display r ₁ |
| 007 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | 063 | RCL0 | 36 00 | Compute r ₂ |
| 008 | RCL1 | 36 01 | | 064 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 009 | x | -35 | | 065 | + | -55 | |
| 010 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | 066 | RCL5 | 36 05 | |
| 011 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | 067 | x | -35 | |
| 012 | x | -35 | | 068 | RCL0 | 36 00 | |
| 013 | RCL4 | 36 04 | | 069 | RCLI | 36 46 | |
| 014 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | 070 | + | -55 | |
| 015 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | 071 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 016 | RCL2 | 36 02 | | 072 | GSB2 | 23 02 | |
| 017 | GSB2 | 23 02 | | 073 | RCL0 | 36 00 | |
| 018 | RCL4 | 36 04 | | 074 | RCL5 | 36 05 | |
| 019 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | 075 | + | -55 | |
| 020 | x | -35 | | 076 | RCLI | 36 46 | |
| 021 | RCL5 | 36 05 | | 077 | GSB2 | 23 02 | |
| 022 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | 078 | RCL7 | 36 07 | |
| 023 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | 079 | RCLD | 36 14 | |
| 024 | RCL3 | 36 03 | | 080 | GSB3 | 23 03 | |
| 025 | *LBL2 | 21 02 | | 081 | RCLB | 36 12 | |
| 026 | x | -35 | | 082 | RCLE | 36 15 | |
| 027 | + | -55 | | 083 | GSB3 | 23 03 | |
| 028 | RTN | 24 | | 084 | RCL6 | 36 06 | |
| 029 | *LBL3 | 21 03 | | 085 | RCL9 | 36 09 | |
| 030 | x | -35 | | 086 | GSB3 | 23 03 | |
| 031 | - | -45 | | 087 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 032 | RTN | 24 | | 088 | RCL4 | 36 04 | |
| 033 | *LBL4 | 21 04 | Pause for card II | 089 | GSB3 | 23 03 | |
| 034 | MRG | 16-62 | | 090 | RCL2 | 36 02 | |
| 035 | PSE | 16 51 | | 091 | RCL8 | 36 08 | |
| 036 | GT04 | 22 04 | | 092 | GSB3 | 23 03 | |
| 037 | *LBLA | 21 11 | Initialize | 093 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 038 | 9 | 09 | | 094 | RCLC | 36 13 | |
| 039 | STO1 | 35 46 | | 095 | GSB3 | 23 03 | |
| 040 | *LBL1 | 21 01 | | 096 | PRTX | -14 | Display r ₂ |
| 041 | ISZI | 16 26 46 | | 097 | RCL0 | 36 00 | Compute r ₃ |
| 042 | 2 | 02 | | 098 | RCL5 | 36 05 | |
| 043 | 5 | 05 | | 099 | RCL6 | 36 06 | |
| 044 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 100 | RCL7 | 36 07 | |
| 045 | X#Y? | 16-32 | | 101 | P#S | 16-51 | |
| 046 | SF2 | 16 21 02 | | 102 | STO3 | 35 03 | |
| 047 | 9 | 09 | | 103 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 048 | - | -45 | | 104 | STO2 | 35 02 | |
| 049 | PSE | 16 51 | | 105 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 050 | STO1 | 35 45 | | 106 | STO1 | 35 01 | |
| 051 | F2? | 16 23 02 | | 107 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 052 | GT01 | 22 01 | | 108 | STO0 | 35 00 | |
| 053 | P#S | 16-51 | | 109 | P#S | 16-51 | |
| 054 | RCL0 | 36 00 | | 110 | RCL9 | 36 09 | |
| 055 | RCL5 | 36 05 | | 111 | P#S | 16-51 | |
| 056 | + | -55 | | 112 | STO4 | 35 04 | |

REGIS

| 0Used | ¹ R ₁ | ² R ₂ | ³ R ₃ | ⁴ R ₄ | ⁵ R ₅ | ⁶ R ₆ | ⁷ R ₇ | ⁸ R ₈ | ⁹ R ₉ |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| S0 a ₁ | S1 a ₂ | S2 a ₃ | S3 a ₄ | S4 a ₅ | S5 a ₆ | S6 a ₇ | S7 a ₈ | S8 a ₉ | S9 a ₁₀ |
| A a ₁₁ | B a ₁₂ | C a ₁₃ | D a ₁₄ | E a ₁₅ | I a ₁₆ | | | | |

97 Program Listing II

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-----------|----------|----------|------|-----------|----------|------------------------|
| 113 | RCLA | 36 11 | | 169 | GSB3 | 23 03 | |
| 114 | ST05 | 35 05 | | 170 | RCL2 | 36 02 | |
| 115 | RCLB | 36 12 | | 171 | GSB2 | 23 02 | |
| 116 | ST06 | 35 06 | | 172 | RCL5 | 36 05 | |
| 117 | RCLD | 36 14 | | 173 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 118 | ST07 | 35 07 | | 174 | + | -55 | |
| 119 | RCLE | 36 15 | | 175 | RCLC | 36 13 | |
| 120 | ST08 | 35 08 | | 176 | x | -35 | |
| 121 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 177 | RCL8 | 36 08 | |
| 122 | ST09 | 35 09 | | 178 | RCLE | 36 15 | |
| 123 | GSB0 | 23 00 | | 179 | GSB3 | 23 03 | |
| 124 | STx0 | 35-35 00 | | 180 | RCL4 | 36 04 | |
| 125 | P2S | 16-51 | | 181 | RCLD | 36 14 | |
| 126 | CHS | -22 | | 182 | GSB3 | 23 03 | |
| 127 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 183 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 128 | RCLA | 36 11 | | 184 | GSB2 | 23 02 | |
| 129 | + | -55 | | 185 | PRTX | -14 | Display r ₃ |
| 130 | RCLA | 36 11 | | 186 | GT04 | 22 04 | Position memory |
| 131 | x | -35 | | 187 | R/S | 51 | for new card |
| 132 | RCLA | 36 11 | | | | | |
| 133 | RCLI | 36 46 | | | | | |
| 134 | GSB2 | 23 02 | | 190 | | | |
| 135 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | | | | |
| 136 | RCLD | 36 14 | | | | | |
| 137 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | | | | |
| 138 | RCLB | 36 12 | | | | | |
| 139 | RCLE | 36 15 | | | | | |
| 140 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | | | | |
| 141 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | | | | |
| 142 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | | | | |
| 143 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | | | | |
| 144 | RCL0 | 36 00 | | 200 | | | |
| 145 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | | | | |
| 146 | RCLA | 36 11 | | | | | |
| 147 | RCLI | 36 46 | | | | | |
| 148 | + | -55 | | | | | |
| 149 | RCL4 | 36 04 | | | | | |
| 150 | x | -35 | | | | | |
| 151 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | | | | |
| 152 | RCLB | 36 12 | | | | | |
| 153 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | | | | |
| 154 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | 210 | | | |
| 155 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | | | | |
| 156 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | | | | |
| 157 | RCL1 | 36 01 | | | | | |
| 158 | GSB2 | 23 02 | | | | | |
| 159 | RCL5 | 36 05 | | | | | |
| 160 | RCLI | 36 46 | | | | | |
| 161 | + | -55 | | | | | |
| 162 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | | | | |
| 163 | x | -35 | | | | | |
| 164 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | 220 | | | |
| 165 | RCL4 | 36 04 | | | | | |
| 166 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | | | | |
| 167 | RCLB | 36 12 | | | | | |
| 168 | RCLC | 36 13 | | | | | |

LABELS

FLAGS

SET STATUS

| A Load Data | B | C | D | E | 0 | FLAGS | TRIG | DISP |
|----------------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--|---|---|
| a | b | c | d | e | 1 | ON OFF | DEG <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | FIX <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 0 Used | 1 Used | 2 x,+ | 3 x,- | 4 Used | 2 Used | 1 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | GRAD <input type="checkbox"/> | SCI <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 3 | 2 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | RAD <input type="checkbox"/> | ENG <input type="checkbox"/> |

97 Program Listing I

21

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| 001 | RCL4 | 36 04 | Compute r_4 | | | | |
| 002 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | | | | |
| 003 | RCLC | 36 13 | | | | | |
| 004 | P±S | 16-51 | | | | | |
| 005 | ST07 | 35 07 | | | | | |
| 006 | R↓ | -31 | | | | | |
| 007 | ST04 | 35 04 | | | | | |
| 008 | R↓ | -31 | | | | | |
| 009 | ST01 | 35 01 | | | | | |
| 010 | GSB0 | 23 00 | | | | | |
| 011 | P±S | 16-51 | | | | | |
| 012 | RCL1 | 36 01 | | | | | |
| 013 | x | -35 | | | | | |
| 014 | RCL5 | 36 05 | | | | | |
| 015 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | | | | |
| 016 | P±S | 16-51 | | | | | |
| 017 | RCLD | 36 14 | | | | | |
| 018 | ST08 | 35 08 | | | | | |
| 019 | R↓ | -31 | | | | | |
| 020 | ST05 | 35 05 | | | | | |
| 021 | R↓ | -31 | | | | | |
| 022 | ST02 | 35 02 | | | | | |
| 023 | R↓ | -31 | | | | | |
| 024 | ST-0 | 35-45 00 | | | | | |
| 025 | GSB0 | 23 00 | | | | | |
| 026 | P±S | 16-51 | | | | | |
| 027 | RCL2 | 36 02 | | | | | |
| 028 | x | -35 | | | | | |
| 029 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | | | | |
| 030 | P±S | 16-51 | | | | | |
| 031 | ST03 | 35 03 | | | | | |
| 032 | R↓ | -31 | | | | | |
| 033 | ST+0 | 35-55 00 | | | | | |
| 034 | RCLA | 36 11 | | | | | |
| 035 | ST06 | 35 06 | | | | | |
| 036 | RCLE | 36 15 | | | | | |
| 037 | ST09 | 35 09 | | | | | |
| 038 | GSB0 | 23 00 | | | | | |
| 039 | P±S | 16-51 | | | | | |
| 040 | RCL3 | 36 03 | | | | | |
| 041 | P±S | 16-51 | | | | | |
| 042 | x | -35 | | | | | |
| 043 | ST-0 | 35-45 00 | | | | | |
| 044 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | | | | |
| 045 | PRTX | -14 | | | | | |
| 046 | RTN | 24 | | | | | |
| 047 | R/S | 51 | | | | | |
| SET STATUS | | | | | | | |
| FLAGS | | | | | | | |
| ON OFF | | | | DEG <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | FIX <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 110 | | | | GRAD <input type="checkbox"/> | | SCI <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| 2 | | | | RAD <input type="checkbox"/> | | ENG <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| 3 | | | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| REGISTERS | | | | | | | |
| 0 Used | 1 R ₁ | 2 R ₂ | 3 R ₃ | 4 R ₄ | 5 R ₅ | 6 R ₆ | 7 R ₇ |
| S ₀ a ₁ | S ₁ a ₂ | S ₂ a ₃ | S ₃ a ₄ | S ₄ a ₅ | S ₅ a ₆ | S ₆ a ₇ | S ₇ a ₈ |
| A a ₁₁ | B a ₁₂ | C a ₁₃ | D a ₁₄ | E a ₁₅ | F a ₁₆ | | |

Program Description I

Program Title ONE CARD DETERMINANT AND INVERSE OF A 5×5 MATRIX

Contributor's Name JOHN L. GUSTAFSON

Address RUDDOCK HOUSE, CALTECH

City PASADENA

State CA

Zip Code 91126

Program Description, Equations, Variables

The matrix A' is found by computing first the determinant of A , and then the determinant of minor A_{11} , i.e. the matrix (4×4) obtained by deleting the first row and first column of A . If b_1 is the first element of A' , then

$$b_1 = \frac{\det(A_{11})}{\det(A)}$$

The matrix is then permuted to bring a new element to the a_{11} position, and the process is repeated. This continues until an entire column has been found, at which point [C] may be pressed to find the next column, and so on.

Account must be taken for sign changes in this process, and the fact that the matrix transpose of this "cofactor" matrix is the inverse.

Program execution is quite long, on the order of half an hour to find the entire matrix.

Operating Limits and Warnings

Expansion by minors may be inaccurate for an ill-conditioned matrix, like $a_{ij} = i+j$.

If program is stopped in the middle of execution, data will be in scrambled order in the registers.

Since time between computed values for A' is long, HP-67 users should probably substitute complete R/S statements for print statements.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in Program Description II. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Program Description II

Sketch(es)

Data arrangement:

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_1, a_6, a_8, a_{14}, a_{21} \\ a_2, a_7, a_{12}, a_{17}, a_{22} \\ a_3, a_8, a_{13}, a_{18}, a_{23} \\ a_4, a_9, a_{14}, a_{19}, a_{24} \\ a_5, a_{10}, a_{15}, a_{20}, a_{25} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} R_0, R_5, S_0, S_5, A \\ R_1, R_6, S_1, S_6, B \\ R_2, R_7, S_2, S_7, C \\ R_3, R_8, S_3, S_8, D \\ R_4, R_9, S_4, S_9, E \end{pmatrix}$$

(Program displays "a" subscript after it is entered.)

Sample Problem(s) Compute the inverse of the tridiagonal matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(This matrix arises in the problem of fitting a cubic spline to a set of 5 data points.)

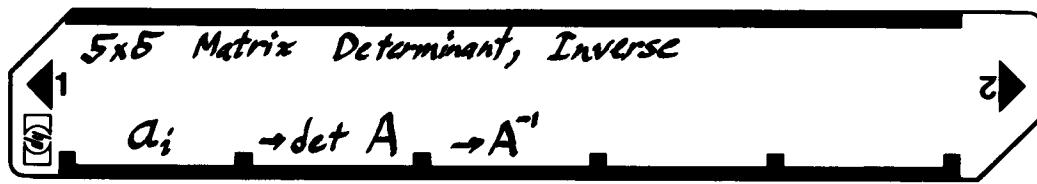
Solution(s) 1 [A] 1 [B] 0 [S] 0 [R] 0 [RS], 2 [B] 4 [RS] 1 [RS] 0 [RS] 0 [RS],
 0 [RS] 1 [RS] 4 [RS] 1 [RS] 0 [RS], 0 [RS] 0 [RS] 1 [RS] 4 [RS] 2 [RS], 0 [RS] 0 [RS] 0 [RS] 1 [RS] 1 [RS]
 [D] → 12.00 *** (determinant) (several minutes are required.)

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc} 2.17 & *** & -1.17 & *** & 0.33 & *** & -0.17 & *** & 0.17 & *** \\ -0.58 & *** & 0.58 & *** & -0.17 & *** & 0.08 & *** & -0.08 & *** \\ [C] \rightarrow 0.17 & *** [C] \rightarrow -0.17 & *** [C] \rightarrow 0.33 & *** [C] \rightarrow -0.17 & *** [C] \rightarrow 0.17 & *** & & & \\ -0.08 & *** & 0.68 & *** & -0.17 & *** & 0.58 & *** & -0.58 & *** \\ 0.17 & *** & -0.17 & *** & 0.33 & *** & -1.17 & *** & 2.17 & *** \end{array}$$

(Each column takes about 6 minutes to compute.)

Reference(s)

User Instructions



| STEP | INSTRUCTIONS | INPUT DATA/UNITS | KEYS | OUTPUT DATA/UNITS |
|------|---|------------------|------|--|
| 1 | Load side 1 and side 2. | | | |
| 2 | Input a_{11} . | a_{11} | A | 1.00 |
| 3 | Input a_{ij} (repeat for $i=2$ to 25). | a_{ij} | RIS | i |
| 4 | Optional: select display mode. | | DSP | " |
| 5 | Compute $\det(A)$. | | B | $\det A ***$ |
| 6 | Compute first column of A^{-1} . | | C | $b_1 ***$ $b_2 ***$ $b_3 ***$ $b_4 ***$ $b_5 ***$ |
| | Compute second column of A^{-1} . | | C | $b_6 ***$ $b_7 ***$ $b_8 ***$ $b_9 ***$ $b_{10} ***$ |
| | Compute third column of A^{-1} . | | C | $b_{11} ***$ $b_{12} ***$ $b_{13} ***$ $b_{14} ***$ $b_{15} ***$ |
| | Compute fourth column of A^{-1} . | | C | $b_{16} ***$ $b_{17} ***$ $b_{18} ***$ $b_{19} ***$ $b_{20} ***$ |
| | Compute last column of A^{-1} . | | C | $b_{21} ***$ $b_{22} ***$ $b_{23} ***$ $b_{24} ***$ $b_{25} ***$ |
| | HP-67 users may wish to substitute RIS for PRINT at steps 026, 193, 196, 199, 202, and 205. When using R/S to output data, it is necessary to push R/S after the last element of a column has been output. Then label C can be called for calculation of next column. | | | |

97 Program Listing I

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-----------|----------|------------------------|------|-----------|----------|----------|
| 001 | ALBLA | 21 11 | | 057 | RCLI | 36 46 | |
| 002 | 0 | 00 | input a_i , | 058 | 1 | 01 | |
| 003 | STOI | 35 46 | using i as an | 059 | 9 | 09 | |
| 004 | X#Y | -41 | index register | 060 | X#Y? | 16-32 | |
| 005 | *LBLA | 21 16 11 | | 061 | GT04 | 22 04 | |
| 006 | STOI | 35 45 | | 062 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 007 | ISZI | 16 26 46 | | 063 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 008 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 064 | STOI | 35 46 | |
| 009 | R/S | 51 | | 065 | RTN | 24 | |
| 010 | GT04 | 22 16 11 | | 066 | *LBL1 | 21 01 | |
| 011 | RTN | 24 | | 067 | P#S | 16-51 | |
| 012 | *LBLB | 21 12 | | 068 | RCL2 | 36 02 | |
| 013 | 0 | 00 | | 069 | RCL8 | 36 06 | |
| 014 | STOI | 35 46 | compute determinants | 070 | X | -35 | |
| 015 | GSB0 | 23 00 | of minors times | 071 | RCLE | 36 15 | |
| 016 | GSB5 | 23 05 | | 072 | X | -35 | |
| 017 | GSB0 | 23 00 | their corresponding | 073 | RCL7 | 36 07 | |
| 018 | GSB5 | 23 05 | a_i , and add to | 074 | RCLD | 36 14 | |
| 019 | GSB0 | 23 00 | get total determinant, | 075 | X | -35 | |
| 020 | GSB5 | 23 05 | | 076 | RCL4 | 36 04 | |
| 021 | GSB0 | 23 00 | | 077 | X | -35 | |
| 022 | GSB5 | 23 05 | | 078 | + | -55 | |
| 023 | GSB0 | 23 00 | | 079 | RCLC | 36 13 | |
| 024 | GSB5 | 23 05 | | 080 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 025 | CHS | -22 | | 081 | X | -35 | |
| 026 | PRTX | -14 | | 082 | RCL9 | 36 09 | |
| 027 | SPC | 16-11 | | 083 | X | -35 | |
| 028 | RTN | 24 | | 084 | + | -55 | |
| 029 | RTN | 24 | | 085 | RCLC | 36 13 | |
| 030 | *LBL0 | 21 00 | Expand 4x4 matrix | 086 | RCL8 | 36 06 | |
| 031 | 0 | 00 | into its minors | 087 | X | -35 | |
| 032 | GSB1 | 23 01 | | 088 | RCL4 | 36 04 | |
| 033 | GSB1 | 23 01 | to calculate its | 089 | X | -35 | |
| 034 | GSB1 | 23 01 | determinant. | 090 | - | -45 | |
| 035 | GSB1 | 23 01 | | 091 | RCL7 | 36 07 | |
| 036 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 092 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 037 | 2 | 02 | | 093 | X | -35 | |
| 038 | 4 | 04 | | 094 | RCLE | 36 15 | |
| 039 | STOI | 35 46 | | 095 | X | -35 | |
| 040 | ENT↑ | -21 | | 096 | - | -45 | |
| 041 | *LBL4 | 21 04 | | 097 | RCL2 | 36 02 | |
| 042 | R↓ | -31 | | 098 | RCLD | 36 14 | |
| 043 | R↓ | -31 | | 099 | X | -35 | |
| 044 | RCLI | 36 45 | | 100 | RCL9 | 36 09 | |
| 045 | GSB3 | 23 03 | rotate columns of | 101 | X | -35 | |
| 046 | GSB3 | 23 03 | 4x4 | 102 | - | -45 | |
| 047 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | 103 | P#S | 16-51 | |
| 048 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | 104 | RCL6 | 36 06 | |
| 049 | X#I | 16-41 | | 105 | X | -35 | |
| 050 | 2 | 02 | | 106 | X#Y | -41 | |
| 051 | 0 | 00 | | 107 | - | -45 | |
| 052 | + | -55 | | 108 | RCLI | 36 46 | |
| 053 | X#I | 16-41 | | 109 | 2 | 02 | |
| 054 | STOI | 35 45 | | 110 | 4 | 04 | |
| 055 | R↓ | -31 | | 111 | STOI | 35 46 | |
| 056 | DSZI | 16 25 46 | | 112 | ENT↑ | -21 | |

REGISTERS

| Registers | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|----------|----|----------|----------|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----------|----------|----|----------|----|-------------------|----|----------|----|----------|
| 0 | a_1 | 1 | a_2 | 2 | a_3 | 3 | a_4 | 4 | a_5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| S0 | a_{11} | S1 | a_{12} | S2 | a_{13} | S3 | a_{14} | S4 | a_{15} | S5 | a_{16} | S6 | a_{17} | S7 | a_{18} | S8 | a_{19} | S9 | a_{20} |
| A | a_{21} | | B | a_{22} | | C | a_{23} | | D | a_{24} | | E | a_{25} | | $\det(A)$, index | | | | |

97 Program Listing II

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-----------|----------|----------|------|-----------|----------|----------|
| 113 | *LBL2 | 21 02 | | 169 | 5 | 05 | |
| 114 | R↓ | -31 | | 170 | - | -45 | |
| 115 | R↓ | -31 | | 171 | STO I | 35 46 | |
| 116 | RCLI | 36 45 | | 172 | 1 | 01 | |
| 117 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | 173 | CHS | -22 | |
| 118 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | 174 | X#Y? | 16-32 | |
| 119 | GSB3 | 23 03 | | 175 | GT06 | 22 06 | |
| 120 | X#I | 16-41 | | 176 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 121 | 1 | 01 | | 177 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 122 | 5 | 05 | | 178 | STO I | 35 46 | |
| 123 | + | -55 | | 179 | RTN | 24 | |
| 124 | X#I | 16-41 | | 180 | *LBL7 | 21 07 | |
| 125 | STO I | 35 45 | | 181 | X#I | 16-41 | |
| 126 | DSZI | 16 25 46 | | 182 | 1 | 01 | |
| 127 | R↓ | -31 | | 183 | - | -45 | |
| 128 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 184 | X#I | 16-41 | |
| 129 | 2 | 02 | | 185 | RCLI | 36 45 | |
| 130 | 0 | 00 | | 186 | X#Y | -41 | |
| 131 | X#Y? | 16-32 | | 187 | STO I | 35 45 | |
| 132 | GT02 | 22 02 | | 188 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 133 | R↓ | -31 | | 189 | RTN | 24 | |
| 134 | R↓ | -31 | | 190 | *LBL0 | 21 13 | |
| 135 | STO I | 35 46 | | 191 | GSB0 | 23 00 | |
| 136 | R↓ | -31 | | 192 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 137 | RTN | 24 | | 193 | PRTX | -14 | |
| 138 | *LBL3 | 21 03 | | 194 | GSB0 | 23 00 | |
| 139 | X#I | 16-41 | | 195 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 140 | 5 | 05 | | 196 | PRTX | -14 | |
| 141 | - | -45 | | 197 | GSB0 | 23 00 | |
| 142 | X#I | 16-41 | | 198 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 143 | RCLI | 36 45 | | 199 | PRTX | -14 | |
| 144 | X#Y | -41 | | 200 | GSB0 | 23 00 | |
| 145 | STO I | 35 45 | | 201 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 146 | R↓ | -31 | | 202 | PRTX | -14 | |
| 147 | RTN | 24 | | 203 | GSB0 | 23 00 | |
| 148 | *LBL0 | 21 14 | | 204 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 149 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 205 | PRTX | -14 | |
| 150 | 2 | 02 | | 206 | GSBD | 23 14 | |
| 151 | 4 | 04 | | 207 | SPC | 16-11 | |
| 152 | STO I | 35 46 | | 208 | RTN | 24 | |
| 153 | ENT↑ | -21 | | 209 | *LBL5 | 21 05 | |
| 154 | *LBL6 | 21 06 | | 210 | X#Y | -41 | |
| 155 | R↓ | -31 | | 211 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 156 | R↓ | -31 | | 212 | X | -35 | |
| 157 | RCLI | 36 45 | | 213 | + | -55 | |
| 158 | GSB7 | 23 07 | | 214 | STO I | 35 46 | |
| 159 | GSB7 | 23 07 | | 215 | RTN | 24 | |
| 160 | GSB7 | 23 07 | | 216 | R/S | 51 | |
| 161 | GSB7 | 23 07 | | | | | |
| 162 | X#I | 16-41 | | | | | |
| 163 | 4 | 04 | | | | | |
| 164 | + | -55 | | | | | |
| 165 | X#I | 16-41 | | | | | |
| 166 | STO I | 35 45 | | | | | |
| 167 | R↓ | -31 | | | | | |
| 168 | RCLI | 36 46 | | | | | |

LABELS

| LABELS | | | | | FLAGS | | | SET STATUS | |
|----------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------|--------|---|--------|------------|------|
| A | B | C | D | E | 0 | 1 | FLAGS | TRIG | DISP |
| Store A^{-1} | find det(A) | find A^{-1} | rotate rows | | 0 | 1 | ON OFF | DEG | FIX |
| loop for A | b | c | d | e | 0 | 1 | 0 | GRAD | SCI |
| 0 used | 1 | det of 3x3 | 2 used | 3 used | 4 used | 2 | 1 | RAD | ENG |
| 5 used | 6 used | 7 used | 8 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 2 | n | 2 |

Program Description I

Program Title **SIMULTANEOUS EQUATIONS IN SIX UNKNOWNS**

Contributor's Name **Robert E. DeBelt**

Address **9667 Taylor Court**

City **Pickerington** State **Ohio** Zip Code **43147**

Program Description, Equations, Variables

Coefficient Matrix: $\begin{matrix} r_1 & s_1 & t_1 & u_1 & v_1 & w_1 & k_1 \\ r_2 & s_2 & t_2 & u_2 & v_2 & w_2 & k_2 \\ r_3 & s_3 & t_3 & u_3 & v_3 & w_3 & k_3 \\ r_4 & s_4 & t_4 & u_4 & v_4 & w_4 & k_4 \\ r_5 & s_5 & t_5 & u_5 & v_5 & w_5 & k_5 \\ r_6 & s_6 & t_6 & u_6 & v_6 & w_6 & k_6 \end{matrix}$

By Crout's method, let (a_{ij}) be the elements of the given matrix and (A_{ij}) be the elements of the derived matrix. Then

$$A_{ii} = a_{ii} - \sum_{k=1}^{i-1} A_{ik} A_{ki} \quad (\text{diagonal terms})$$

$$A_{ij} = a_{ij} - \sum_{k=1}^{j-1} A_{ik} A_{kj} \quad (i > j, \text{ gives the lower half})$$

$$A_{ij} = \left\{ a_{ij} - \sum_{k=1}^{i-1} A_{ik} A_{kj} \right\} / A_{ii} \quad (i < j, \text{ gives the upper half})$$

The solution vector is

$$x_i = A_{i,n+1} - \sum_{k=i+1}^n A_{ik} x_k \quad (i = 1, \dots, n)$$

Operating Limits and Warnings

1. Re-order the equations, such that r_1 is not zero.
2. "Error" implies inconsistency.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

NEITHER HP NOR THE CONTRIBUTOR MAKES ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF ANY KIND WITH REGARD TO THIS PROGRAM MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. NEITHER HP NOR THE CONTRIBUTOR SHALL BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH OR ARISING OUT OF THE FURNISHING, USE OR PERFORMANCE OF THIS PROGRAM MATERIAL.

Program Description II

Sketch(es)

| |
|--|
| |
|--|

Sample Problem(s) Compute the solution for the following set of equations:

Variables and coefficient matrix:

| r | s | t | u | v | w | k |
|--------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 17 | 34 | 170 | 748 | 3816.5 | 19669 | 1781.6 |
| 34 | 170 | 748 | 3816.5 | 19669 | 105325.625 | 4864.65 |
| 170 | 748 | 3816.5 | 19669 | 105325.625 | 573286.75 | 22810.975 |
| 748 | 3816.5 | 19669 | 105325.625 | 573286.75 | 3172438.532 | 90845.9625 |
| 3816.5 | 19669 | 105325.625 | 573286.75 | 3172438.532 | 17757325.57 | 412295.4438 |
| 19669 | 105325.625 | 573286.75 | 3172438.532 | 17757325.57 | 100361561.9 | 1856770.791 |

Solution(s)

$$r = -11.52568830$$

$$s = -28.86312210$$

$$t = 45.32824695$$

$$u = 1.755025950$$

$$v = -2.615475715$$

$$w = .1994145369$$

Reference(s)

Nielsen, Kaj L., Methods in Numerical Analysis,
page 185, The Macmillan Company, 1956.

Program Description II

Sample Problem(s) Compute the determinant and the inverse of the coefficient matrix in the preceding problem.

1. In order to compute the determinant of the coefficient matrix, less the k vector, do the following:

- 1.1 Record the values obtained after calculation for the following:

s2 \Rightarrow record c1 t3 \Rightarrow record c2

u4 => record c3 **v5** => record c4

w6 => record c5

1.2 The determinant = r1 x c1 x c2 x c3 x c4 x c5

2. The inverse may be computed by substituting each column of the identity matrix of order 5 for the \underline{k} vector. The solutions obtained by solving the system with this program represent the respective column vectors of the inverse matrix.

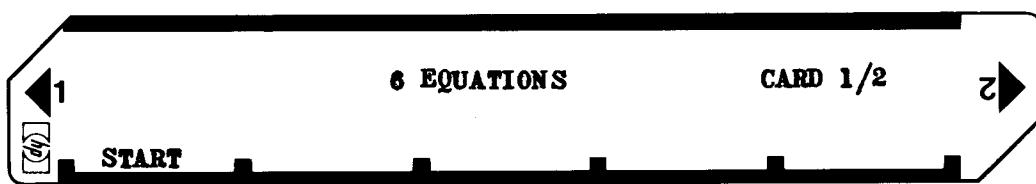
Solution(s) determinant =

$$17 \times 102 \times 484.5 \times 2180.25 \times 9447.7507 \times 39365.555 = 6.812303266 \times 10^{17}$$

| | | | | | | |
|----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| A^{-1} | .23704060 | -.00407230 | -.07938403 | .00976420 | -.00381044 | -.00057157 |
| | -.00407230 | .30094782 | -.06239595 | -.06620895 | .02375172 | -.00206822 |
| | -.07938403 | -.06239595 | .06240250 | .00928796 | -.00859995 | .00095261 |
| | .00976420 | -.06620895 | .00928796 | .01782172 | -.00603319 | .00051864 |
| | .00381044 | .02375172 | -.00859995 | -.00603319 | .00264614 | -.00025403 |
| | -.00057157 | -.00206822 | .00095261 | .00051864 | -.00025403 | .00002540 |

Reference(s)

User Instructions



| STEP | INSTRUCTIONS | INPUT DATA/UNITS | KEYS | OUTPUT DATA/UNITS |
|------|---|------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. | Load side 1 and side 2 of card 1/2. | | | |
| 2. | Place side 1 of card 2/2 into reader slot but do not engage. | | | |
| 3. | Enter r1: | r1 | A | r1 |
| 4. | Enter s1, t1, u1, v1, w1, k1, r2, s2, t2, u2, ... thru v5 followed by R/S each entry: | | R/S | |
| 5. | Immediately upon entry of v5:R/S, engage card 2/2 in the card reader. The card will be read automatically. The calculator will stop with value A ₅₅ after side 2 of the card has been entered. | | | A ₅₅ |
| 6. | Enter w5, k5, r6, s6, t6, ... thru k6 followed by R/S each entry: | | R/S | |
| 7. | After entry of k6, the calculator will run for approximately 20 seconds and will stop with solution r. | | | r |
| 8. | To display all solutions: | | A R/S R/S R/S R/S R/S | r s t u v w |
| | Note: If, during step 5, you fail to engage card 2/2 in the card reader, then do the following steps: | | | |
| 9. | Prepare for Merge: | | g MERGE | |
| 10. | Enter card 2/2, side 1 and side 2. | | R/S | |
| 11. | Start program: | | | |
| 12. | Go to Step 6. | | | A ₅₅ |

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-----------|----------|---------------------|------|-----------|----------|--------------------|
| 001 | f LBL B | 31 25 12 | | | f LBL A | 31 25 11 | START: with rl. |
| | x | 71 | | | STO 0 | 33 00 | Enter: sl. |
| | - | 51 | | | R/S | 84 | |
| | f LBL C | 31 25 13 | | 060 | h X:I | 35 24 | |
| | BCL 0 | 34 00 | | | 2 | 02 | |
| | + | 81 | | | 4 | 04 | |
| | STO(i) | 33 24 | | | h X:I | 35 24 | |
| | f DSZ | 31 33 | | | f GSB C | 31 22 13 | t1 |
| | h RTN | 35 22 | | | R/S | 84 | ul |
| 010 | f LBL 0 | 31 25 00 | RCL 10 | | f GSB C | 31 22 13 | vl |
| | 0 | 00 | | | R/S | 84 | k1 |
| | GTO D | 22 14 | | | f GSB C | 31 22 13 | r2 |
| | f LBL 1 | 31 25 01 | RCL 11 | | R/S | 84 | s2 |
| | 1 | 01 | | | STO I | 33 01 | |
| | GTO D | 22 14 | | | R/S | 84 | |
| | f LBL 2 | 31 25 02 | RCL 12 | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | t2 |
| | 2 | 02 | | | RCL E | 34 15 | u2 |
| | GTO D | 22 14 | | 080 | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | |
| | f LBL 3 | 31 25 03 | RCL 13 | | STO 0 | 33 00 | |
| 020 | 3 | 03 | | | R/S | 84 | |
| | GTO D | 22 14 | | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | |
| | f LBL 4 | 31 25 04 | RCL 14 | | RCL D | 34 14 | |
| | 4 | 04 | | | f GSB B | 31 22 12 | |
| | GTO D | 22 14 | | | R/S | 84 | |
| | f LBL 5 | 31 25 05 | RCL 15 | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | |
| | 5 | 05 | | | RCL C | 34 13 | |
| | GTO D | 22 14 | | | f GSB B | 31 22 12 | |
| | f LBL 6 | 31 25 06 | RCL 16 | | R/S | 84 | |
| | 6 | 06 | | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | |
| 030 | GTO D | 22 14 | | | RCL B | 34 12 | |
| | f LBL 7 | 31 25 07 | RCL 17 | | f GSB B | 31 22 12 | |
| | 7 | 07 | | | R/S | 84 | |
| | GTO D | 22 14 | | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | |
| | f LBL 8 | 31 25 08 | RCL 18 | | RCL B | 34 12 | |
| | 8 | 08 | | | f GSB B | 31 22 12 | |
| | GTO D | 22 14 | | | R/S | 84 | |
| | f LBL 9 | 31 25 09 | RCL 19 | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | |
| | 9 | 09 | | | RCL A | 34 11 | |
| | f LBL D | 31 25 14 | | | f GSB B | 31 22 12 | |
| 040 | 1 | 01 | | | R/S | 84 | |
| | 0 | 00 | | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | |
| | + | 61 | | 100 | f GSB 9 | 31 22 09 | |
| | h X:I | 35 24 | | | f GSB C | 31 22 13 | |
| | RCL(i) | 34 24 | | | R/S | 84 | |
| | h X:Y | 35 52 | | | STO 2 | 33 02 | |
| | h X:I | 35 24 | | | R/S | 84 | |
| | h R↓ | 35 53 | | | RCL 2 | 34 02 | |
| | f LBL E | 31 25 15 | | | RCL E | 34 15 | |
| | x | 71 | | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | |
| 050 | - | 51 | | | STO 1 | 33 01 | |
| | h RTN | 35 22 | | | R/S | 84 | |
| | g LBLfa | 32 25 11 | | | RCL 2 | 34 02 | |
| | g MERGE | 32 41 | | | RCL D | 34 14 | |
| | h PAUSE | 35 72 | | 110 | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | STO 1 | 33 01 | |
| | h SPACE | 35 84 | | | R/S | 84 | |
| | | | Overlay control. | | RCL 2 | 34 02 | |
| | | | | | RCL D | 34 14 | |
| | | | | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | |

REGISTERS

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|
| 0 | s | 1 | t | 2 | u | 3 | v | 4 | w | 5 | r | 6 | used | 7 | used | 8 | used | 9 | used |
| S0 | used | S1 | used | S2 | used | S3 | used | S4 | used | S5 | used | S6 | used | S7 | used | S8 | used | S9 | used |
| A | used | B | used | C | used | D | used | E | used | F | used | G | used | H | used | I | used | J | used |

67 Program Listing II

Side 2.

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-----------|----------|----------|------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | RCL 1 | 34 01 | | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | |
| | f GSB 8 | 31 22 08 | | 170 | RCL 2 | 34 02 | |
| | STO 0 | 33 00 | | | f GSB 6 | 31 22 06 | |
| | R/S | 84 | w3 | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | |
| | RCL 2 | 34 02 | | | f GSB 2 | 31 22 02 | |
| | RCL C | 34 13 | | | f GSB C | 31 22 13 | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | R/S | 84 | w4 |
| 120 | RCL 1 | 34 01 | | | RCL 3 | 34 03 | |
| | f GSB 7 | 31 22 07 | v3 | | RCL A | 34 11 | |
| | f GSB C | 31 22 13 | | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | RCL 2 | 34 02 | |
| | RCL 2 | 34 02 | | 180 | f GSB 5 | 31 22 05 | |
| | RCL B | 34 12 | | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | f GSB 1 | 31 22 01 | |
| | RCL 1 | 34 01 | | | f GSB C | 31 22 13 | |
| | f GSB 6 | 31 22 06 | | | R/S | 84 | k4 |
| | f GSB C | 31 22 13 | | | RCL 3 | 34 03 | |
| 130 | R/S | 84 | w3 | | f GSB 9 | 31 22 09 | |
| | RCL 2 | 34 02 | | | RCL 2 | 34 02 | |
| | RCL A | 34 11 | | | f GSB 4 | 31 22 04 | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | |
| | RCL 1 | 34 01 | | 190 | f GSB 0 | 31 22 00 | |
| | f GSB 5 | 31 22 05 | | | f GSB C | 31 22 13 | r5 |
| | f GSB C | 31 22 13 | | | R/S | 84 | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | STO 4 | 33 04 | s5 |
| | RCL 2 | 34 02 | | | R/S | 84 | |
| | f GSB 9 | 31 22 09 | r4 | | RCL 4 | 34 04 | |
| 140 | RCL 1 | 34 01 | | | RCL E | 34 15 | |
| | f GSB 4 | 31 22 04 | | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | |
| | f GSB C | 31 22 13 | | | STO 3 | 33 03 | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | R/S | 84 | t5 |
| | STO 3 | 33 03 | | 200 | RCL 4 | 34 04 | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | RCL D | 34 14 | |
| | RCL 3 | 34 03 | | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | |
| | RCL E | 34 15 | | | RCL 3 | 34 03 | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | f GSB 8 | 31 22 08 | |
| | STO 2 | 33 02 | t4 | | STO 2 | 33 02 | u5 |
| 150 | R/S | 84 | | | R/S | 84 | |
| | RCL 3 | 34 03 | | | RCL 4 | 34 04 | |
| | RCL D | 34 14 | | | RCL C | 34 13 | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | |
| | RCL 2 | 34 02 | | 210 | RCL 3 | 34 03 | |
| | f GSB 8 | 31 22 08 | | | f GSB 7 | 31 22 07 | |
| | STO 1 | 33 01 | | | RCL 2 | 34 02 | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | f GSB 3 | 31 22 03 | |
| | RCL 2 | 34 03 | | | STO 1 | 33 01 | |
| | RCL C | 34 13 | | | B/S | 84 | v5 |
| 160 | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | RCL 4 | 34 04 | |
| | RCL 2 | 34 02 | | | RCL B | 34 12 | |
| | f GSB 7 | 31 22 07 | | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | |
| | RCL 1 | 34 01 | | | RCL 3 | 34 03 | |
| | f GSB 3 | 31 22 03 | | 220 | f GSB 6 | 31 22 06 | |
| | STO 0 | 33 00 | | | RCL 2 | 34 02 | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | f GSB 2 | 31 22 02 | |
| | RCL 3 | 34 03 | | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | |
| | RCL B | 34 12 | | | GTOfe | 22 31 11 | |

LABELS

| LABELS | | | | | FLAGS | | SET STATUS | | | | | | |
|--------|-------|---|------|---|-------|---|------------|---|------|--------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|
| A | START | B | used | C | used | D | used | E | used | 0 | FLAGS | TRIG | DISP |
| a | used | b | | c | | d | | e | | ON OFF | | | |
| 0 | used | 1 | used | 2 | used | 3 | used | 4 | used | 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 5 | used | 6 | used | 7 | used | 8 | used | 9 | used | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | DEG | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | GRAD | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | RAD | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | FIX | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | SCI | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | ENG | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | n | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |

6/ Program Listing I

Side 1.

33

SIX EQUATIONS

STEP KEY ENTRY KEY CODE

COMMENTS

STEP KEY ENTRY

KEY CODE

COMMENTS

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---------|----------|----|--|-------------|----------|----|--|
| 001 | RCL 9 | 34 09 | | | RCL 2 | 34 02 | | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | RCL 9 | 34 09 | | |
| | STO 0 | 33 00 | w5 | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | STO 1 | 33 01 | w6 | |
| | RCL 4 | 34 04 | | | R/S | 84 | | |
| | RCL A | 34 11 | | | RCL 5 | 34 05 | | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | RCL A | 34 11 | | |
| | RCL 3 | 34 03 | | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | |
| | f GSB 5 | 31 22 05 | | | RCL 4 | 34 04 | | |
| 010 | RCL 2 | 34 02 | | | f GSB 5 | 31 22 05 | | |
| | f GSB 1 | 31 22 01 | | | RCL 3 | 34 03 | | |
| | RCL 1 | 34 01 | k5 | | f GSB 1 | 31 22 01 | | |
| | RCL 8 | 34 08 | | | RCL 2 | 34 02 | | |
| | f GSB B | 31 22 12 | | | RCL 8 | 34 08 | | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | |
| | RCL 4 | 34 04 | | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | | |
| | f GSB 9 | 31 22 09 | | | RCL 6 | 34 06 | | |
| | RCL 3 | 34 03 | | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | |
| | f GSB 4 | 31 22 04 | | | RCL 0 | 34 00 | | |
| 020 | RCL 2 | 34 02 | | | h X:Y | 35 52 | | |
| | f GSB 0 | 31 22 00 | | | STO 0 | 33 00 | k6 | |
| | RCL 1 | 34 01 | | | R/S | 84 | | |
| | RCL 7 | 34 07 | | | h X:Y | 35 52 | | |
| | f GSB B | 31 22 12 | | | h R↓ | 35 53 | | |
| | STO 0 | 33 00 | | | h X:Y | 35 52 | | |
| | R/S | 84 | r6 | | RCL 5 | 34 05 | | |
| | STO 5 | 33 05 | | | h X:Y | 35 52 | | |
| | R/S | 84 | s6 | | STO 5 | 33 05 | | |
| | RCL 5 | 34 05 | | | h R↓ | 35 53 | | |
| 030 | RCL E | 34 15 | | | f GSB 9 | 31 22 09 | | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | RCL 4 | 34 04 | | |
| | STO 4 | 33 04 | | | f GSB 4 | 31 22 04 | | |
| | R/S | 84 | t6 | | RCL 3 | 34 03 | | |
| | RCL 5 | 34 05 | | | f GSB 0 | 31 22 00 | | |
| | RCL D | 34 14 | | | RCL 2 | 34 02 | | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | RCL 7 | 34 07 | | |
| | RCL 4 | 34 04 | | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | |
| | f GSB 8 | 31 22 08 | | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | | |
| | STO 3 | 33 03 | | | RCL 5 | 34 05 | | |
| 040 | R/S | 84 | u6 | | f GSB B | 31 22 12 | | |
| | RCL 5 | 34 05 | | | RCL 5 | 34 05 | | |
| | RCL C | 34 13 | | | RCL 4 | 34 04 | | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | RCL 6 | 34 06 | | |
| | RCL 4 | 34 04 | | | 100 f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | |
| | f GSB 7 | 31 22 07 | | | STO 3 | 33 03 | v | |
| | RCL 3 | 34 03 | | | RCL 7 | 34 07 | | |
| | f GSB 3 | 31 22 03 | | | RCL 4 | 34 04 | | |
| | STO 2 | 33 02 | | | RCL 8 | 34 08 | | |
| | R/S | 84 | v6 | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | |
| 050 | RCL 5 | 34 05 | | | RCL 3 | 34 03 | | |
| | RCL B | 34 12 | | | RCL 9 | 34 09 | | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | |
| | RCL 4 | 34 04 | | | STO 2 | 33 02 | w | |
| | f GSB 6 | 31 22 06 | | | 0 | 00 | | |
| | RCL 3 | 34 03 | | | f GSB fe | 32 22 15 | | |
| | f GSB 2 | 31 22 02 | | | f GSB 1 | 31 22 01 | | |

REGISTERS

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| S0 | S1 | S2 | S3 | S4 | S5 | S6 | S7 | S8 | S9 |
| A | B | C | D | E | I | | | | |

67 Program Listing II

Side 2.

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-----------|----------|----------------|------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | RCL 3 | 34 03 | | | | | |
| | f GSB 2 | 31 22 02 | | 170 | | | |
| | RCL 2 | 34 02 | | | | | |
| | f GSB 3 | 31 22 03 | | | | | |
| | STO 1 | 33 01 | t | | | | |
| | 4 | 04 | | | | | |
| 120 | g GSBfe | 32 22 15 | | | | | |
| | f GSB 5 | 31 22 05 | | | | | |
| | RCL 3 | 34 03 | | | | | |
| | f GSB 6 | 31 22 06 | | | | | |
| | RCL 2 | 34 02 | | | | | |
| | f GSB 7 | 31 22 07 | | 180 | | | |
| | RCL 1 | 34 01 | | | | | |
| | f GSB 8 | 31 22 08 | | | | | |
| | STO 0 | 33 00 | s | | | | |
| | 9 | 09 | | | | | |
| 130 | g GSBfe | 32 22 15 | | | | | |
| | RCL A | 34 11 | | | | | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | | | |
| | RCL 3 | 34 03 | | | | | |
| | RCL B | 34 12 | | | | | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | 190 | | | |
| | RCL 2 | 34 02 | | | | | |
| | RCL C | 34 13 | | | | | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | | | |
| | RCL 1 | 34 01 | | | | | |
| | RCL D | 34 14 | | | | | |
| 140 | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | | | |
| | RCL 0 | 34 00 | | | | | |
| | RCL E | 34 15 | | | | | |
| | f GSB E | 31 22 15 | | | | | |
| | STO 5 | 33 05 | r | 200 | | | |
| | f LBL A | 31 25 11 | RCL solutions. | | | | |
| | RCL 5 | 34 05 | r | | | | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | | | |
| | RCL 0 | 34 00 | s | | | | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | | | |
| 150 | RCL 1 | 34 01 | t | | | | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | | | |
| | RCL 2 | 34 02 | u | | | | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | | | |
| | RCL 3 | 34 03 | v | 210 | | | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | | | |
| | RCL 4 | 34 04 | w | | | | |
| | R/S | 84 | | | | | |
| | GTO A | 22 11 | | | | | |
| | g LBL fe | 32 25 15 | | | | | |
| 160 | 1 | 01 | | | | | |
| | 0 | 00 | | | | | |
| | + | 61 | | | | | |
| | h STI | 35 33 | | | | | |
| | RCL(1) | 34 24 | | 220 | | | |
| | RCL 4 | 34 04 | | | | | |
| | h RTN | 35 22 | | | | | |

LABELS

| LABELS | | | | | FLAGS | | SET STATUS | |
|--------|---|---|---|---|-------|--|--|---|
| A | B | C | D | E | 0 | FLAGS | TRIG | DISP |
| a | b | c | d | e | 1 | ON OFF 0 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DEG <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GRAD <input type="checkbox"/> RAD <input type="checkbox"/> | SCI <input type="checkbox"/> ENG <input type="checkbox"/> n <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | | | |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 3 | | | |

Program Description I

Program Title Roots of Polynomials

Contributor's Name Richard K. Brush

Address 1965 East 3375 South

City Salt Lake City

State Utah

Zip Code 84106

Program Description, Equations, Variables

$f(z) = a_0 + a_1 z + a_2 z^2 + \dots + a_n z^n$ where $z = x + jy$.

1. Let $z = z_0$ be estimate of root of $f(z)$.

2. Calculate $f(z)$.

3. Calculate $f'(z) = a_1 + 2a_2 z + 3a_3 z^2 + \dots + n \cdot a_n z^{n-1}$.

4. Calculate $\Delta z = -\frac{f(z)}{f'(z)}$.

5. Calculate new estimate of z : $z_{k+1} = z_k + \Delta z$.

6. If $|f(z_{k+1})| > |f(z_k)|$, then set $\Delta z \leftarrow \Delta z / 2$, and repeat step 5, until $|f(z_{k+1})| \leq |f(z_k)|$ is satisfied.

7. Repeat 2-6 until $|f(z)| < \epsilon$, where ϵ is supplied by user.

8. If $|Imag(z)| < \epsilon$ then set $Imag(z) \leftarrow 0$, and repeat final iteration.

9. Remove the linear factor $(z - z_{root})$ or quadratic factor $(z - z_{root})(z - z_{root}^*)$ by synthetic division.

Operating Limits and Warnings 1. The user must store $n, a_0, a_1, \dots, a_n, \epsilon$, and z_0 in the appropriate registers before program execution.

2. $n \leq 14$

3. **[H] DEG** is used for a "NOP" instruction; hence use DEG mode.

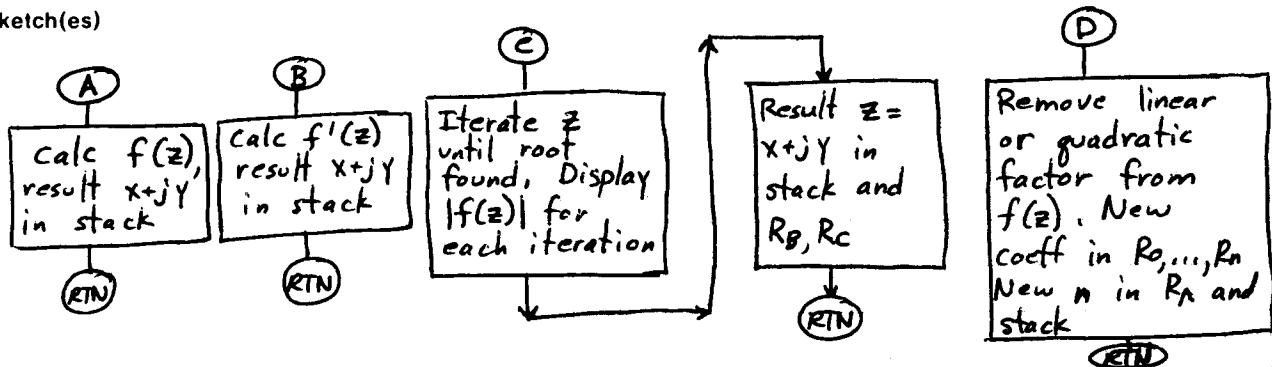
4. $f(z)$ and $f'(z)$ is evaluated using rectangular complex multiplication, which is faster and more accurate than R \rightarrow P and P \rightarrow R functions.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in Program Description II. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Program Description II

Sketch(es)



Sample Problem(s)

1. Let $f(z) = 15 + 11z + 5z^2 + z^3 = (z+3)(z^2 + 2z + 5)$
 $f'(z) = 11 + 10z + 3z^2$

Roots are $z_r = -3, z_r = -1 \pm j2$.

$f(-2) = 5, f'(-2) = 3$

Enter data : $R_A \leftarrow 3, R_0 \leftarrow 15, R_1 \leftarrow 11, R_2 \leftarrow 5,$
 $R_3 \leftarrow 1, R_{sg} \leftarrow 1 \times 10^{-8}$.

| Solution(s) | Input | Execute | Intermediate Results | Results |
|-------------|---|-------------|---|--|
| | $R_B \leftarrow -2, R_C \leftarrow 0 (z_0)$ | A B C | $5, 7.41, 1.23, .122, 9.04 \times 10^{-4},$ $5 \times 10^{-8}, 0.00 f(z) $ | $5 f(-2)$ $3 f'(-2)$ $-3 z_{root}$ |
| | $R_B \leftarrow -1, R_C \leftarrow 1 (z_0)$ | C | $6.71, 11.5, 5.22, 5.15, .980,$ $.0538, 1.43 \times 10^{-4}, 3 \times 10^{-9}$ | -9999999998 $+j2.000000000$ |

Reference(s) Any standard textbook on numerical analysis, e.g., Conte and de Boor, "Elementary Numerical Analysis: An Algorithmic Approach", McGraw-Hill, 1972

Program Description II (Cont.)

Sample Problem No. 2

Find the transfer function $G(s)$ and poles of $G(s)$ (i.e. roots of denominator polynomial) given the magnitude-squared function:

$$M^2(\omega) = |G(j\omega)|^2 = \frac{1}{1 + .5\omega^6 + \omega^{12}}$$

Solution:

From circuit theory, $M^2(\omega) = G(j\omega) \cdot G(-j\omega) = g(-\omega^2)$, where $g(s^2) = G(s) \cdot G(-s)$. Hence, substituting $s^2 = -\omega^2$, gives:

$$G(s) \cdot G(-s) = g(s^2) = \frac{1}{1 - .5s^6 + s^{12}}.$$

The above function has 12 poles, symmetric about the origin, 6 in the right half plane (RHP) and 6 in the left half plane (LHP), belonging to $G(-s)$ and $G(s)$ respectively. Hence we can find 4 complex poles at a time:

| <u>Input</u> | <u>Execute</u> | <u>Intermediate Results</u> | <u>Results</u> | <u>Variable(s)</u> |
|--|--------------------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| | [f] [CLREG] | | | |
| $R_9 \leftarrow 1 \times 10^{-8}$ | | | | ϵ |
| $R_2 \leftarrow 1$ | [f] [PSS] [f] [CLREG] | | | a_{12} |
| $R_o \leftarrow 1, R_c \leftarrow -.5$ | | | | a_0, a_6 |
| $R_A \leftarrow 12$ | | | | n |
| $R_B \leftarrow 1, R_c \leftarrow 1$ | | | | Z_o |
| | [C] | $63.1, 22.0, 7.50, 2.41, 655,$ $.110, 5.13 \times 10^{-3}, 1.25 \times 10^{-5},$ 5×10^{-10} | $ f(\xi) $ | |
| | | | $.6767099819$ $+j.7362496862$ | Z_{root} (RHP) |
| | [g] [R→P] | | 1.000000000 $\neq 47.41291870^\circ$ | |

Program Description II (Cont.)

| <u>Input</u> | <u>Execute</u> | <u>Intermediate Results</u> | <u>Results</u> | <u>Variable(s)</u> |
|--|----------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | D | | 10 | n |
| | RCL B | | - .6767099819 | Real(Z_{root}) in LHP |
| | CHS | | | |
| | STO B | | | |
| | D | | 8 | n |
| | C | 2.92, 1.38, 1.01, * <u>4.55×10^9</u> , <u>2.12×10^7</u> , <u>1.17×10^5</u> , <u>876</u> , <u>9.72</u> , <u>.866</u> , <u>3.02</u> , <u>1.00</u> , <u>.674</u> , <u>1.14</u> , <u>.182</u> , .0189, <u>1.61×10^{-4}</u> , <u>1.21×10^{-8}</u> , <u>4.12×10^{-10}</u> | $ f(z) $ | |
| | | | .2992559410 +j .9541728785 | Z_{root} (RHP) |
| | g R→P | | 1.000000000 x 72.58708130° | |
| | D | | 6 | n |
| | RCL B | | | |
| | CHS | | | |
| | STO B | | | Z_{root} (LHP) |
| | D | | 4 | n |
| | C | 3.45, 1.33, .612, .181 * <u>1.66</u> , <u>1.18</u> , <u>.577</u> , <u>.285</u> , <u>.202</u> , <u>.184</u> , <u>.181</u> , <u>13.7</u> , <u>2.20</u> , <u>.405</u> , <u>.152</u> , <u>.0545</u> , <u>5.81×10^{-3}</u> , <u>5.12×10^{-5}</u> , <u>4.02×10^{-9}</u> | $ f(z) $ | |
| | | | -.9759659202 +j .2179231925 | Z_{root} (LHP) |
| | CHS | | | |
| | g R→P | | .9999999976 x 12.58708135° | |
| * Underlined values of $ f(z) $ represent iterations in which the modified form of Newton's method is used. (See page 1, Program Description, step 6.) | | | | |

Program Description II (Cont.)

39

The poles of $G(s)$ are thus :

$$-67671 \pm j, 73625, -29926 \pm j, 95417, -97597 \pm j, 21792$$

or $1.000 \angle (180 \pm 47.41)^\circ, 1.000 \angle (180 \pm 72.59)^\circ, 1.000 \angle (180 \pm 12.59)^\circ$

To find the coefficients of $G(s)$, remove the RHP poles from $g(s^2)$:

| <u>Input</u> | <u>Execute</u> | <u>Results</u> | <u>Variable(s)</u> |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------|--------------------|
| | <input type="checkbox"/> f <input type="checkbox"/> CLREG | | |
| $R_2 \leftarrow 1$ | | | a_{12} |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> f <input type="checkbox"/> PSS <input type="checkbox"/> f <input type="checkbox"/> CLREG | | |
| $R_0 \leftarrow 1, R_6 \leftarrow -5$ | | | a_0, a_6 |
| $R_A \leftarrow 12$ | | | n |
| $R_B \leftarrow .6767099819$ | | | Zroot (RHP) |
| $R_C \leftarrow .7362496862$ | | | |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> D | 10 | n |
| $R_B \leftarrow .2992559410$ | | | |
| $R_C \leftarrow .9541728785$ | | | Zroot (RHP) |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> D | 8 | n |
| $R_B \leftarrow .9759659202$ | | | |
| $R_C \leftarrow .2179231925$ | | | Zroot (RHP) |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> D | 6 | n |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> RCL <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | .9999998120 | a_0 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> RCL <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | 3.903863530 | a_1 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> RCL <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | 7.620075745 | a_2 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> RCL <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | 9.388866152 | a_3 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> RCL <input type="checkbox"/> 4 | 7.620075835 | a_4 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> RCL <input type="checkbox"/> 5 | 3.903863686 | a_5 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> RCL <input type="checkbox"/> 6 | 1.000000000 | a_6 |

Program Description II (Cont.)

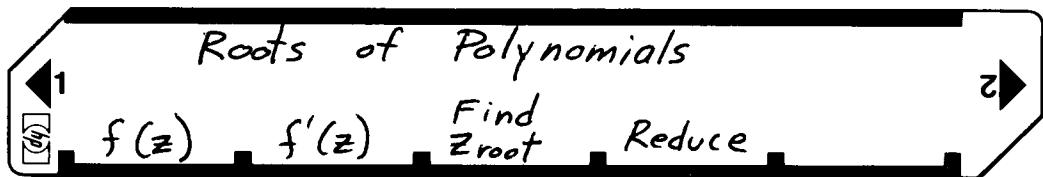
Hence, $G(s) =$

$$\frac{1}{1 + 3,90386s + 7,62008s^2 + 9,3887s^3 + 7,62008s^4 + 3,90386s^5 + s^6}$$

Reference :

Franklin F. Kuo, "Network Analysis and Synthesis", John Wiley and Sons, 1966, p. 370

User Instructions



| STEP | INSTRUCTIONS | INPUT DATA/UNITS | KEYS | OUTPUT DATA/UNITS |
|------|--|-----------------------------|------|---|
| 1 | Load side 1 and side 2. | | | |
| 2 | Store n: RA \leftarrow n | n | | |
| 3 | Store coefficients a_0, a_1, \dots, a_n in R_0, R_1, \dots, R_n | $a_0, a_1, \dots,$ a_n | | |
| 4 | Store ϵ : RSg \leftarrow ϵ | ϵ | | |
| 5 | Store initial z_0 : $R_B \leftarrow \text{Real}(z_0), R_C \leftarrow \text{Imag}(z_0)$ | z_0 | | |
| 6 | *To evaluate polynomial, $f(z)$ (Result in stack) | | A | $f(z) =$ $x + jy$ |
| 7 | *To evaluate derivative, $f'(z)$ (Result in stack) | | B | $f'(z) =$ $x + jy$ |
| 8 | To find root z_{root} of $f(z)$ (z_{root} is displayed in stack, and also stored in R_B, R_C) | | C | $ f(z_k) $ for each iteration: $z_{\text{root}} =$ $x + jy$ |
| 9 | To remove the linear (real root) or quadratic factor (complex root) from $f(z)$ ($n \leftarrow n-1$ for real, $n \leftarrow n-2$ for complex, New coefficients in R_0, R_1, \dots, R_n) | | D | n |
| 10 | Go back to step 5 for next root(s). Previous z_{root} can be used for new z_0 if desired (in which case go to step 6). | | | |
| 11 | When $n=1$ or 2 , z_{root} may be found manually in closed form. | | | |
| | * Optional | | | |

67 Program Listing I

67 Program Listing II

43

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-----------|----------|---|------|------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| 3 | GTO 7 | 22 07 | | 9 | CHS | 42 | |
| 4 | RCL C | 34 13 | Test for real root: | 170 | STO A | 33 11 | |
| 5 | f X=0 | 31 51 | If $\text{Im}(z) = 0$ or | 1 | RCL B | 34 12 | |
| 6 | GTO 9 | 22 09 | $ \text{Im}(z) > \epsilon$, | 2 | 2 | 02 | If complex, |
| 7 | h ABS | 35 64 | Goto 9, else | 3 | X | 71 | |
| 8 | RCL 9 | 34 09 | Set $\text{Im}(z) \leftarrow 0$ | 4 | STO D | 33 14 | |
| 9 | g X≤Y | 32 71 | and go to c. | 5 | RCL B | 34 12 | |
| 120 | g GTO 9 | 22 09 | | 6 | g X ² | 32 54 | |
| 1 | 0 | 00 | | 7 | RCL C | 34 13 | |
| 2 | STO C | 33 13 | | 8 | g X ² | 32 54 | |
| 3 | f PSS | 31 42 | | 9 | g + | 61 | |
| 4 | GTO fc | 22 31 13 | | 180 | CHS | 42 | |
| 5 | f LBL 9 | 31 25 09 | (g) Iteration done. | 1 | STO E | 33 15 | |
| 6 | 0 | 00 | Set $i \leftarrow 0$ if real, | 2 | h F? 1 | 35 71 01 | |
| 7 | h STI | 35 33 | $i \leftarrow -1$ if complex. | 3 | GTO fc | 22 31 15 | |
| 8 | RCL C | 34 13 | | 4 | RCL B | 34 12 | |
| 9 | f X≠0 | 31 61 | | 5 | STO D | 33 14 | |
| 130 | F DSZ | 31 33 | Enter Zroot in stack | 6 | 0 | 00 | |
| 1 | RCL B | 34 12 | | 7 | STO E | 33 15 | |
| 2 | f PSS | 31 42 | | 8 | g LBL C | 32 25 15 | |
| 3 | h RTN | 35 22 | RETURN | 9 | RCL A | 34 11 | |
| D | f LBL D | 31 25 14 | [D] Subroutine. | 190 | h STI | 35 33 | |
| 5 | h CF 1 | 35 61 01 | $F_1 = 0$ for real, $= 1$ for complex root | 1 | f LBL 6 | 31 25 06 | (6) For: $i = n-1, \dots, 0$: |
| 6 | RCL C | 34 13 | | 2 | f ISZ | 31 34 | |
| 7 | f X≠0 | 31 61 | | 3 | RCL (i) | 34 24 | |
| 8 | h SF 1 | 35 51 01 | | 4 | RCL E | 34 15 | |
| 9 | RCL A | 34 11 | | 5 | X | 71 | |
| 140 | h STI | 35 33 | | 6 | f DSZ | 31 33 | |
| 1 | 0 | 00 | | 7 | RCL (i) | 34 24 | |
| 2 | f ISZ | 31 34 | | 8 | RCL D | 34 14 | |
| 3 | STO (i) | 33 24 | | 9 | X | 71 | |
| 4 | f ISZ | 31 34 | | 200 | + | 61 | |
| 5 | STO (i) | 33 24 | | 1 | f DSZ | 31 33 | |
| 6 | 0 | 00 | | 2 | h DEG | 35 41 | |
| 7 | h STI | 35 33 | | 3 | STO+(i) | 33 61 24 | |
| (d) | g LBL d | 32 25 14 | (d) For $i = 1$ to n : | 4 | h RCI | 35 34 | Test : |
| 9 | f ISZ | 31 34 | | 5 | f X>0 | 31 81 | |
| 150 | h F? 1 | 35 71 01 | | 6 | GTO 6 | 22 06 | |
| 1 | f ISZ | 31 34 | | 7 | RCL A | 34 11 | n in stack |
| 2 | RCL (i) | 34 24 | | 8 | h RTN | 35 22 | RETURN |
| 3 | f DSZ | 31 33 | | 9 | | | |
| 4 | h DEG | 35 41 | | 210 | | | |
| 5 | h F? 1 | 35 71 01 | | | | | |
| 6 | f DSZ | 31 33 | | | | | |
| 7 | h DEG | 35 41 | | | | | |
| 8 | STO (i) | 33 24 | | | | | |
| 9 | f ISZ | 31 34 | | | | | |
| 160 | RCL A | 34 11 | | | | | |
| 1 | h RCI | 35 34 | | | | | |
| 2 | g X≤Y | 32 71 | | | | | |
| 3 | GTO fd | 22 31 14 | | | | | |
| 4 | 1 | 01 | | | | | |
| 5 | h F? 1 | 35 71 01 | | | | | |
| 6 | 2 | 02 | | | | | |
| 7 | RCL A | 34 11 | | | | | |
| 8 | - | 51 | | | | | |

LABELS

FLAGS

SET STATUS

| A calc f(z) | B calc f'(z) | C Find Zroot | D Reduce polynomial | E Complx mult | 0 | FLAGS | TRIG | DISP |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|---|---------------|------|------|
| a part of A | b part of B | c part of C | d part of D | e part of D | 1 | ON OFF | | |
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | DEG GRAD RAD | | |
| 5 | 6 | part of D | 7 | part of C | 8 | FIX SCI ENG n | | |
| | | | | | 3 | | | |

Program Description I

Program Title Miscellaneous Special Functions A

Contributor's Name Matthew A. Bishop

Address 327 Forbes Ave.

City San Rafael

State CA

Zip Code 94901

Program Description, Equations, Variables

$$1) \Gamma(x+1) = x\Gamma(x) \text{ if } x \geq 1 \quad \Gamma(x) = \frac{\Gamma(x+1)}{x} \text{ if } 1 \geq x > 0.$$

$$\Gamma(x) \approx 1 + b_1(x-1) + \dots + b_8(x-1)^8 \text{ if } 1 \leq x \leq 2, \text{ where}$$

$$b_1 = -0.577191652 \quad b_3 = -0.897056937 \quad b_5 = -0.756704078$$

$$b_2 = 0.988205891 \quad b_4 = 0.918206857 \quad b_6 = 0.482199394$$

$$b_7 = -0.193527818 \quad b_8 = 0.035868343$$

$$2) F(a, b; c; x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(a)_n (b)_n}{(c)_n} \frac{x^n}{n!} \text{ where } (d)_0 = 1, (d)_n = d(d+1)\dots(d+n-1)$$

$$3) P_n^{(\alpha, \beta)}(x) = \frac{\Gamma(n+1+\alpha)}{\Gamma(n+1)\Gamma(\alpha+1)} F(n+\alpha+\beta+1, -n; 1+2; \frac{1-x}{2})$$

$$4) P_n(x) = P_n^{(0,0)}(x)$$

$$5) T_n(x) = F(n, -n; \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1-x}{2})$$

$$6) C_n^{\lambda}(x) = \frac{\Gamma(2\lambda+n)}{\Gamma(n+1)\Gamma(2\lambda)} F(2\lambda+n, -n; \lambda+\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1-x}{2})$$

$$7) U_n(x) = \frac{x T_{n+1}(x) - T_{n+2}(x)}{1-x^2}$$

where $\Gamma(x)$ is the Gamma function, $F(a, b; c; x)$ the

Operating Limits and Warnings $\Gamma(x)$: $x > 0$ or Error message results. If $x = 0$, press $\boxed{F} \boxed{P \geq S}$.

$F(a, b; c; x)$: If after 400 terms there is no convergence, Error message results. To change this number, switch to W/PRGM, press $\boxed{GTO} \boxed{1} \boxed{.} \boxed{0} \boxed{1} \boxed{7} \boxed{0}$, then $\boxed{h} \boxed{DEL}$ three times, and enter new number. To disable, choose 0 as the new number.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in Program Description II. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Program Description I

Program Title

Miscellaneous Special Functions A

Contributor's Name

Matthew A. Bishop

Address

327 Forbes Ave.

City

San Rafael

State

CA

Zip Code 94901

Program Description, Equations, Variables

Gaussian Hypergeometric function, $P_n^{(\alpha, \beta)}(x)$ the Jacobi Polynomial, $P_n(x)$ the Legendre Polynomial, $C_n^{\lambda}(x)$ the Gegenbauer Polynomial, and $T_n(x)$ and $U_n(x)$ the Chebychev Polynomials of the first and second kind, respectively.

Subscripts and superscripts must be nonnegative, but they need not be integers. If they are large, the program is slow.

The data card contains the constants for $\Gamma(x)$; they are loaded into registers S₁ - S₈. Register S₉ contains 1.

Operating Limits and Warnings

 $P_n^{(\alpha, \beta)}(x) : -1 < x, \beta$ can be any real $C_n^{\lambda}(x) : \lambda > 0$

$U_n(x) : \text{If } x^2 = 1, \text{ Error message results. Use}$
 $U_n(1) = n+1, U_n(-1) = (-1)^n (n+1)$

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Program Description II

Sketch(es)

| |
|--|
| |
|--|

Sample Problem(s) Calculate:

- 1) $\Gamma(0.5) = 1.77$
- 2) $\Gamma(15) = 14! = 8.71782912 \times 10^{10}$
- 3) $F(0.3, 0.5; 1; 0.6) = 1.13$
- 4) $P_6^{(3,4)}(0.56) = -0.58$
- 5) $P_4(0.4) = -0.11$
- 6) $T_5(0.93) = -0.31$
- 7) $C_6^3(0.98) = 373.60$
- 8) $U_4(0.93) = 2.59$

Typical Errors and recoveries with $\Gamma(x)$:

- a) $\Gamma(0)$ = Error. Press **f P₂S**, to reset
- b) $\Gamma(-3)$ = Error. Just enter new number. This applies to all $x < 0$
- c) $\Gamma(90)$ = Error. Press **1 STO 9 f P₂S** to reset.
This applies to all $x > 70.95$.

Solution(s) Keystrokes:

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1) 0.5 | A | → 1.77 | | | | | | |
| 2) 15 | A | → $8.71782912 \times 10^{10}$ | | | | | | |
| 3) 0.3 | ↑ | 0.5 | ↑ | 1 | ↑ | 0.6 | B | → 1.13 |
| 4) 3 | ↑ | 4 | ↑ | 0.56 | ↑ | 6 | C | → -0.58 |
| 5) 0.4 | ↑ | 4 | D | | | | | → -0.11 |
| 6) 0.93 | ↑ | 5 | E | | | | | → -0.31 |
| 7) 3 | ↑ | 0.98 | ↑ | 6 | f | A | | → 373.60 |
| 8) 0.93 | ↑ | 4 | f | B | | | | → 2.59 |

Reference(s) Gradshteyn & Ryzhik, Table of Integrals, Series, and Products, 4th Edition, © 1965, Academic Press. (Listed are numbers of equations) 1) [8.331] (Polynomial adapted from HP-65 program); 2) [9.100] (Polynomial adapted from HP-65 program); 3) [8.962-1b]; 4) [8.962-a]; 5) [8.942-1]; 6) [8.932-1a]; 7) [8.941-4]

User Instructions

MISCELLANEOUS SPECIAL FUNCTIONS A

$$1 \quad C_n^{\lambda}(x) \quad U_n(x) \\ \Gamma(x) \quad F(a,b;c;x) \quad P_n^{(\alpha, \beta)}(x) \quad P_n(x) \quad T_n(x)$$

97 Program Listing I

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|----------------|----------|-------------------------------------|------|----------------|----------|-------------------------|
| 001 | *LBLA | 21 11 | Compute $\Gamma(x)$ | 057 | GSB2 | 23 02 | |
| 002 | X<0? | 16-45 | If $x < 0$, give error message | 058 | P \neq S | 16-51 | |
| 003 | LH | 32 | Error message | 059 | GT0A | 22 11 | |
| 004 | P \neq S | 16-51 | Initialize | 060 | *LBLB | 21 12 | Compute $F(a, b; c; x)$ |
| 005 | ENT \uparrow | -21 | | 061 | ST03 | 35 03 | Initialize |
| 006 | 1 | 01 | | 062 | R \downarrow | -31 | |
| 007 | X>Y? | 16-34 | | 063 | ST04 | 35 04 | |
| 008 | GT04 | 22 04 | | 064 | R \downarrow | -31 | |
| 009 | - | -45 | | 065 | ST05 | 35 05 | |
| 010 | 1 | 01 | | 066 | R \downarrow | -31 | |
| 011 | *LBL8 | 21 06 | If $x > 2$, use recursion relation | 067 | ST06 | 35 06 | |
| 012 | X \neq Y | -41 | | 068 | 4 | 04 | |
| 013 | X>Y? | 16-34 | | 069 | 0 | 08 | |
| 014 | GT01 | 22 01 | | 070 | 0 | 08 | |
| 015 | ENT \uparrow | -21 | | 071 | ST01 | 35 46 | |
| 016 | ENT \uparrow | -21 | | 072 | 0 | 08 | |
| 017 | ENT \uparrow | -21 | | 073 | ST0A | 35 11 | |
| 018 | RCL8 | 36 08 | Polynomial approximation | 074 | 1 | 01 | Sum computation |
| 019 | X | -35 | | 075 | ST0B | 35 12 | |
| 020 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | 076 | *LBL3 | 21 03 | |
| 021 | GSB0 | 23 00 | | 077 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 022 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | 078 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 023 | GSB0 | 23 00 | | 079 | RCL6 | 36 06 | |
| 024 | RCL5 | 36 05 | | 080 | GSB0 | 23 00 | |
| 025 | GSB0 | 23 00 | | 081 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 026 | RCL4 | 36 04 | | 082 | RCL5 | 36 05 | |
| 027 | GSB0 | 23 00 | | 083 | GSB0 | 23 00 | |
| 028 | RCL3 | 36 03 | | 084 | RCL4 | 36 04 | |
| 029 | GSB0 | 23 00 | | 085 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 030 | RCL2 | 36 02 | | 086 | + | -55 | |
| 031 | GSB0 | 23 00 | | 087 | \div | -24 | |
| 032 | RCL1 | 36 01 | | 088 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 033 | GSB0 | 23 00 | | 089 | GSB2 | 23 02 | |
| 034 | GSB2 | 23 02 | | 090 | ST0A | 35 11 | |
| 035 | RCL9 | 36 09 | | 091 | \div | -24 | |
| 036 | X | -35 | | 092 | RCL6 | 36 12 | |
| 037 | 1 | 01 | Initialize register 9 | 093 | X | -35 | |
| 038 | ST09 | 35 09 | | 094 | ST0B | 35 12 | |
| 039 | CLX | -51 | | 095 | + | -55 | |
| 040 | + | -55 | | 096 | X=Y? | 16-33 | |
| 041 | P \neq S | 16-51 | Display answer | 097 | RTN | 24 | |
| 042 | RTN | 24 | | 098 | DSZI | 16 25 46 | |
| 043 | *LBL1 | 21 01 | If $x > 2$, use recursion relation | 099 | GT03 | 22 03 | |
| 044 | STx9 | 35-35 09 | | 100 | 0 | 00 | |
| 045 | X \neq Y | -41 | | 101 | \div | -24 | |
| 046 | - | -45 | | 102 | *LBLC | 21 13 | |
| 047 | 1 | 01 | | 103 | ST0B | 35 12 | |
| 048 | GT08 | 22 08 | | 104 | R \downarrow | -31 | |
| 049 | *LBL0 | 21 00 | | 105 | CHS | -22 | |
| 050 | + | -55 | | 106 | GSB9 | 23 09 | |
| 051 | X | -35 | | 107 | ST0C | 35 13 | |
| 052 | RTN | 24 | | 108 | R \downarrow | -31 | |
| 053 | *LBL4 | 21 04 | If $x < 1$, use relation to obtain | 109 | ST0D | 35 14 | |
| 054 | X \neq Y | -41 | | 110 | R \downarrow | -31 | |
| 055 | ENT \uparrow | -21 | | 111 | GSB2 | 23 02 | |
| 056 | ST \div 9 | 35-24 09 | | 112 | ST0E | 35 15 | |

REGIS

| 0 | 1 USED | 2 USED | 3 USED | 4 USED | 5 USED | 6 USED | 7 USED | 8 USED | 9 |
|--------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|
| S0 | S1 b ₁ | S2 b ₂ | S3 b ₃ | S4 b ₄ | S5 b ₅ | S6 b ₆ | S7 b ₇ | S8 b ₈ | S9 USED |
| A USED | B USED | C USED | D USED | E USED | F USED | G USED | H USED | I COUNTER | |

97 Program Listing II

49

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-----------|----------|----------------------------|------|----------------|----------|--------------------------|
| 113 | RCLB | 36 12 | | 169 | ST03 | 35 03 | |
| 114 | + | -55 | | 170 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 115 | GSBA | 23 11 | | 171 | + | -55 | |
| 116 | ST07 | 35 07 | | 172 | GSBA | 23 11 | |
| 117 | RCLE | 36 15 | | 173 | ST07 | 35 07 | |
| 118 | GSBA | 23 11 | Apply Formula | 174 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 119 | ST÷7 | 35-24 07 | | 175 | GSBA | 23 11 | |
| 120 | RCLB | 36 12 | | 176 | ST÷7 | 35-24 07 | |
| 121 | 1 | 01 | | 177 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 122 | + | -55 | | 178 | GSB2 | 23 02 | |
| 123 | GSBA | 23 11 | | 179 | GSBA | 23 11 | |
| 124 | ST÷7 | 35-24 07 | | 180 | ST÷7 | 35-24 07 | |
| 125 | RCLB | 36 12 | | 181 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 126 | RCLD | 36 14 | | 182 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 127 | + | -55 | | 183 | + | -55 | |
| 128 | RCLE | 36 15 | | 184 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 129 | + | -55 | | 185 | CHS | -22 | |
| 130 | RCLB | 36 12 | | 186 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 131 | CHS | -22 | | 187 | GSB9 | 23 09 | |
| 132 | RCLE | 36 15 | | 188 | RCL2 | 36 02 | |
| 133 | RCLC | 36 13 | | 189 | GSBB | 23 12 | |
| 134 | GSBB | 23 12 | | 190 | RCL7 | 36 07 | |
| 135 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | 191 | x | -35 | |
| 136 | x | -35 | | 192 | RTN | 24 | |
| 137 | RTN | 24 | | 193 | *LBL6 | 21 16 12 | Computes $U_n(x)$ |
| 138 | *LBL0 | 21 14 | Compute $P_n(x)$ | 194 | GSB2 | 23 02 | |
| 139 | R↓ | -31 | | 195 | GSBE | 23 15 | |
| 140 | R↓ | -31 | | 196 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 141 | CLX | -51 | | 197 | x | -35 | |
| 142 | R↓ | -31 | | 198 | ST08 | 35 08 | |
| 143 | CLX | -51 | | 199 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 144 | R↓ | -31 | | 200 | RCL5 | 36 05 | |
| 145 | GTOC | 22 13 | | 201 | GSB2 | 23 02 | |
| 146 | *LBL0 | 21 15 | Compute $T_n(x)$ | 202 | GSBE | 23 15 | |
| 147 | R↓ | -31 | | 203 | RCL8 | 36 08 | |
| 148 | ST01 | 35 01 | | 204 | - | -45 | |
| 149 | R↑ | 16-31 | | 205 | 1 | 01 | |
| 150 | CHS | -22 | | 206 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 151 | ENT↑ | -21 | | 207 | x ² | 53 | |
| 152 | CHS | -22 | | 208 | - | -45 | |
| 153 | RCL1 | 36 01 | | 209 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 154 | CHS | -22 | | 210 | CHS | -22 | |
| 155 | GSB9 | 23 09 | | 211 | RTN | 24 | |
| 156 | . | -62 | | 212 | *LBL9 | 21 09 | Computes $\frac{1+x}{2}$ |
| 157 | 5 | 05 | | 213 | GSB2 | 23 02 | |
| 158 | X#Y | -41 | | 214 | 2 | 02 | |
| 159 | GTOB | 22 12 | | 215 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 160 | *LBL0 | 21 16 11 | Compute $C_n^{\lambda}(x)$ | 216 | RTN | 24 | |
| 161 | ST01 | 35 01 | | 217 | *LBL2 | 21 02 | Computes $1+x$ |
| 162 | R↓ | -31 | | 218 | 1 | 01 | |
| 163 | CHS | -22 | | 219 | + | -55 | |
| 164 | GSB9 | 23 09 | | 220 | RTN | 24 | |
| 165 | ST02 | 35 02 | | | | | |
| 166 | R↓ | -31 | | | | | |
| 167 | 2 | 02 | | | | | |
| 168 | x | -35 | | | | | |

LABELS

| LABELS | | | | | FLAGS | SET STATUS | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|--|--|------------------------------|
| A | B | C | D | E | 0 | FLAGS | TRIG | DISP |
| $\Gamma(x)$ | $F(a, b; c; x)$ | $P_n^{(\alpha, \beta)}(x)$ | $P_n(x)$ | $T_n(x)$ | 0 | ON OFF | DEG | FIX |
| $C_n^{\lambda}(x)$ | $U_n(x)$ | . | d | e | 1 | 0 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | GRAD <input type="checkbox"/> | SCI <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 0 +, x | ¹ USED $\Gamma(x)$ | ² $1+x$ | ³ USED | ⁴ USED $\Gamma(x)$ | ² | 1 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | RAD <input type="checkbox"/> | ENG <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | ⁸ USED $\Gamma(x)$ | ⁹ $\frac{1+x}{2}$ | 3 | 2 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 3 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | n <u>2</u> |

Program Description I

| | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------------------|
| Program Title | Miscellaneous Special Functions B | | |
| Contributor's Name | Matthew A. Bishop | | |
| Address | 327 Forbes Ave. | | |
| City | San Rafael | State | CA Zip Code 94901 |

Program Description, Equations, Variables Recursion relations and starting values

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \quad C_{n+1}^{\lambda}(x) &= \frac{2(\lambda+n)x C_n^{\lambda}(x) - (2\lambda+n-1) C_{n-1}^{\lambda}(x)}{(n+1)} & C_0^{\lambda}(x) &= 1 & C_1^{\lambda}(x) &= 2\lambda x \\ \textcircled{2} \quad L_{n+1}^{\alpha}(x) &= \frac{(2n+\alpha+1-x) L_n^{\alpha}(x) - (n+\alpha) L_{n-1}^{\alpha}(x)}{(n+1)} & L_0^{\alpha}(x) &= 1 & L_1^{\alpha}(x) &= \alpha + 1 - x \\ \textcircled{3} \quad H_{n+1}(x) &= 2xH_n(x) - 2nH_{n-1}(x) & H_0(x) &= 1 & H_1(x) &= 2x \\ \textcircled{4} \quad T_{n+1}(x) &= 2xT_n(x) - T_{n-1}(x) & T_0(x) &= 1 & T_1(x) &= x \\ \textcircled{5} \quad U_{n+1}(x) &= 2xU_n(x) - U_{n-1}(x) & U_0(x) &= 1 & U_1(x) &= 2x \\ \textcircled{6} \quad P_n(x) &= C_n^{1/2}(x) \end{aligned}$$

To use this program if n is not an integer, calculate $Z_{n-INT(n)}$, $Z_{n-INT(n)+1}$, [where Z is C^{λ} , L^{α} , H , T , U or P and $INT(n)$ = largest integer less than n] and use these values as Z_0, Z_1 .

To calculate these values, use tables or
Miscellaneous Special Functions A

Operating Limits and Warnings If n is negative, an Error message results.
If $n \neq INT(n)$, then unless $n > 2$ the program fails. In this case, use Miscellaneous Special Functions A.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Program Description II

Sketch(es)

Sample Problem(s) ① C_6^5 (2) = 705565.00

$$\textcircled{2} \quad L_4(0.3) = 37.93$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad H_5(\alpha) = -16.00$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \underline{T. (6)} = 846.00$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad 11 - (6) = 1704.00$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad U_3(6) = 1104.00$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad P_4(0.96) = 0.63$$

$$\text{⑦ } T_{3,3}(0.96) = 0.59 \quad | \quad T_{0,3}(0.96) = 0.996, \quad T_{1,3}(0.96) = 0.933$$

Solution(s) ① 5 6 2 A → 705565.00

$$\textcircled{2} \quad 3.5 \boxed{1} \quad 4 \boxed{1} \quad 0.3 \boxed{B} \longrightarrow \quad 37.93$$

③ 5 ↑ 2 C → - 16.00

④ 3 6 Ⓛ → 846.00

⑤ 3 ↑ 6 E → 1784.8

$$⑥ \quad 4 \uparrow 0.96 [f] [A] \longrightarrow 9.63$$

$$7) \quad 0.933 \quad \boxed{1} \quad 0.991 \quad \boxed{1} \quad \boxed{1} \rightarrow 0.933$$

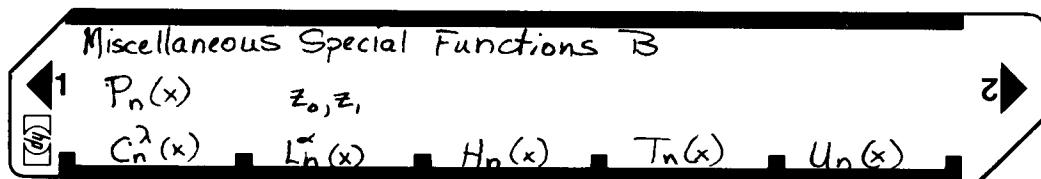
1 0.933 ↑ 0.96 ↑ B → 0.933
2 3 ↑ 0.96 ↑ → 0.98

$$3.3 \boxed{1} 0.96 \boxed{0} \longrightarrow 0.39$$

Reference(s) Gradshteyn & Ryzhik, Table of Integrals, Series, and Products,
4th edition, ©1965, Academic Press. Equation numbers:

- ① [8.933-1], [8.937-3], [8.930]; ② [8.971-6], [8.973-1]⁰, [8.973-2]; ③ [8.952-2],
 [8.956-1], [8.956-2]; ④ [8.941-1], [8.943-1], [8.943-2]; ⑤ [8.941-2], [8.943-7],
 [8.943-8]; ⑥ [8.936-3].

User Instructions



97 Program Listing I

53

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|----------------|----------|--|------|----------------|----------|--|
| 001 | *LBLA | 21 11 | | 057 | RTN | 24 | |
| 002 | C _F | 16 22 00 | | 058 | *LBL1 | 21 01 | If n=0 display 1 |
| 003 | ST00 | 35 00 | | 059 | 1 | 01 | |
| 004 | R↓ | -31 | | 060 | R/S | 51 | |
| 005 | ST01 | 35 01 | | 061 | *LBLB | 21 12 | Compute L _n ^α (x) |
| 006 | R↓ | -31 | | 062 | C _F | 16 22 00 | |
| 007 | ST02 | 35 02 | | 063 | ST03 | 35 03 | Initialize |
| 008 | RCL1 | 36 01 | | 064 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 009 | GSB5 | 23 05 | | 065 | ST04 | 35 04 | |
| 010 | 1 | 01 | | 066 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 011 | F1? | 16 23 01 | Compute C ₀ ^λ (x) and unless overridden store in A | 067 | ST05 | 35 05 | |
| 012 | ST0A | 35 11 | | 068 | RCL4 | 36 04 | |
| 013 | RCL1 | 36 01 | | 069 | GSB5 | 23 05 | |
| 014 | X=Y? | 16-33 | | 070 | 1 | 01 | Compute L ₀ ^α (x) and unless overridden store in A |
| 015 | SF0 | 16 21 00 | Compute C ₁ ^λ (x) and unless overridden store in B | 071 | F1? | 16 23 01 | |
| 016 | RCL0 | 36 00 | | 072 | ST0A | 35 11 | |
| 017 | RCL2 | 36 02 | | 073 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 018 | X | -35 | | 074 | X=Y? | 16-33 | |
| 019 | 2 | 02 | | 075 | SF0 | 16 21 00 | |
| 020 | X | -35 | | 076 | RCL5 | 36 05 | |
| 021 | F0? | 16 23 00 | | 077 | RCL3 | 36 03 | Compute L ₁ ^α (x) and unless overridden store in B |
| 022 | RTN | 24 | | 078 | - | -45 | |
| 023 | F1? | 16 23 01 | | 079 | 1 | 01 | |
| 024 | ST0B | 35 12 | | 080 | + | -55 | |
| 025 | *LBL0 | 21 00 | Use recursion relation | 081 | F0? | 16 23 00 | |
| 026 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 082 | RTN | 24 | |
| 027 | RCL2 | 36 02 | | 083 | F1? | 16 23 01 | |
| 028 | + | -55 | | 084 | ST0B | 35 12 | |
| 029 | 2 | 02 | | 085 | *LBL2 | 21 02 | Use recursion relation |
| 030 | X | -35 | | 086 | RCLI | 36 46 | |
| 031 | RCL0 | 36 00 | | 087 | 2 | 02 | |
| 032 | X | -35 | | 088 | X | -35 | |
| 033 | RCLB | 36 12 | | 089 | RCL5 | 36 05 | |
| 034 | X | -35 | | 090 | + | -55 | |
| 035 | RCL2 | 36 02 | | 091 | 1 | 01 | |
| 036 | 2 | 02 | | 092 | + | -55 | |
| 037 | X | -35 | | 093 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 038 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 094 | - | -45 | |
| 039 | + | -55 | | 095 | RCLB | 36 12 | |
| 040 | 1 | 01 | | 096 | X | -35 | |
| 041 | - | -45 | | 097 | RCLI | 36 46 | |
| 042 | RCLA | 36 11 | | 098 | RCL5 | 36 05 | |
| 043 | X | -35 | | 099 | + | -55 | |
| 044 | - | -45 | | 100 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 045 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 101 | X | -35 | |
| 046 | 1 | 01 | | 102 | - | -45 | |
| 047 | + | -55 | | 103 | RCLI | 36 46 | |
| 048 | ÷ | -24 | | 104 | 1 | 01 | |
| 049 | GSB6 | 23 06 | | 105 | + | -55 | |
| 050 | ISZI | 16 26 46 | | 106 | ÷ | -24 | |
| 051 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 107 | GSB6 | 23 06 | |
| 052 | RCL1 | 36 01 | | 108 | ISZI | 16 26 46 | |
| 053 | X>Y? | 16-34 | | 109 | RCLI | 36 46 | |
| 054 | GT00 | 22 00 | | 110 | RCL4 | 36 04 | |
| 055 | RCLB | 36 12 | | 111 | X>Y? | 16-34 | |
| 056 | SF1 | 16 21 01 | | 112 | GT02 | 22 02 | |

REGISTERS

| ⁰ x(C _n ^λ) | ¹ n(C _n ^λ) | ² λ | ³ x(L _n ^α) | ⁴ n(L _n ^α) | ⁵ α | ⁶ x(H _n) | ⁷ n(H _n) | ⁸ | ⁹ |
|--|--|----------------|--|--|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| S0 | S1 | S2 | S3 | S4 | S5 | S6 | S7 | S8 | S9 |
| A USED | B USED | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J |

97 Program Listing II

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-----------|----------|---|------|-----------|----------|---|
| 113 | RCLB | 36 12 | | 169 | STOI | 35 46 | |
| 114 | SF1 | 16 21 01 | | 170 | RCL0 | 36 00 | Compute $T_1(x)$ and store in A unless overridden |
| 115 | RTN | 24 | | 171 | F0? | 16 23 00 | |
| 116 | *LBL0 | 21 13 | | 172 | 2 | 02 | |
| 117 | CF0 | 16 22 00 | | 173 | F0? | 16 23 00 | |
| 118 | ST06 | 35 06 | | 174 | x | -35 | |
| 119 | R↓ | -31 | | 175 | F1? | 16 23 01 | |
| 120 | ST07 | 35 07 | | 176 | STOB | 35 12 | |
| 121 | GSB5 | 23 05 | | 177 | F2? | 16 23 02 | |
| 122 | R↓ | -31 | | 178 | RTN | 24 | |
| 123 | 1 | 01 | | 179 | *LBL8 | 21 08 | Compute recursion relation |
| 124 | F1? | 16 23 01 | Compute $H_0(x)$ and unless overridden store in A | 180 | RCLB | 36 12 | |
| 125 | ST0A | 35 11 | | 181 | RCL0 | 36 00 | |
| 126 | RCLI | 36 01 | | 182 | x | -35 | |
| 127 | X=Y? | 16-33 | | 183 | 2 | 02 | |
| 128 | SF0 | 16 21 00 | | 184 | x | -35 | |
| 129 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | 185 | RCLA | 36 11 | |
| 130 | 2 | 02 | | 186 | - | -45 | |
| 131 | x | -35 | | 187 | GSB6 | 23 06 | |
| 132 | F0? | 16 23 00 | | 188 | DSZI | 16 25 46 | |
| 133 | RTN | 24 | | 189 | GT08 | 22 08 | |
| 134 | F1? | 16 23 01 | | 190 | SF1 | 16 21 01 | Display answer |
| 135 | STOB | 35 12 | | 191 | RTN | 24 | |
| 136 | *LBL3 | 21 03 | Use recursion relation | 192 | *LBL8 | 21 15 | Compute $U_n(x)$ |
| 137 | RCLB | 36 12 | | 193 | SF0 | 16 21 00 | Set indicator for $U_n(x)$ |
| 138 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | 194 | GT09 | 22 09 | |
| 139 | x | -35 | | 195 | *LBL0 | 21 16 11 | Computes $P_n(x)$ |
| 140 | RCLA | 36 11 | | 196 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 141 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 197 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 142 | x | -35 | | 198 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 143 | - | -45 | | 199 | . | -62 | |
| 144 | 2 | 02 | | 200 | 5 | 05 | |
| 145 | x | -35 | | 201 | R↑ | 16-31 | |
| 146 | GSB6 | 23 06 | | 202 | R↑ | 16-31 | |
| 147 | DSZI | 16 26 46 | | 203 | GT0A | 22 11 | |
| 148 | RCLI | 36 46 | | 204 | *LBL6 | 21 16 12 | Store z_0, z_1 |
| 149 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | 205 | ST0A | 35 11 | |
| 150 | X>Y? | 16-34 | | 206 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 151 | GT03 | 22 03 | | 207 | STOB | 35 12 | |
| 152 | RCLB | 36 12 | Display answer | 208 | CF1 | 16 22 01 | Set indicator |
| 153 | SF1 | 16 21 01 | | 209 | RTN | 24 | |
| 154 | RTN | 24 | | 210 | *LBL5 | 21 05 | If $n=0$, Go to 1. |
| 155 | *LBL0 | 21 14 | Compute $T_n(x)$ | 211 | X=0? | 16-43 | |
| 156 | CF0 | 16 22 00 | Set indicator for $T_n(x)$ | 212 | GT01 | 22 01 | |
| 157 | *LBL9 | 21 09 | | 213 | FRC | 16 44 | If $n \neq \text{INT}(n)$, store $\text{frac}(n)$ in R1. |
| 158 | CF2 | 16 22 02 | | 214 | 1 | 01 | |
| 159 | ST00 | 35 00 | Initialize | 215 | + | -55 | |
| 160 | R↓ | -31 | | 216 | STOI | 35 46 | |
| 161 | X=0? | 16-43 | | 217 | RTN | 24 | |
| 162 | GT01 | 22 01 | | 218 | *LBL6 | 21 06 | Load for next pass through recursion relation. |
| 163 | 1 | 01 | | 219 | RCLB | 36 12 | |
| 164 | X=Y? | 16-33 | Compute $T_0(x)$ and unless overridden store in A | 220 | ST0A | 35 11 | |
| 165 | SF2 | 16 21 02 | | 221 | R↓ | -31 | |
| 166 | F1? | 16 23 01 | | 222 | STOB | 35 12 | |
| 167 | ST0A | 35 11 | | 223 | RTN | 24 | |
| 168 | - | -45 | | | | | |

| LABELS | | | | | FLAGS | | SET STATUS | | |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|
| A $C_n^{\lambda}(x)$ | B $L_n^{\infty}(x)$ | C $H_n(x)$ | D $T_n(x)$ | E $U_n(x)$ | 0 | is $n=1$? | FLAGS | TRIG | DISP |
| ^a $P_n(x)$ | ^b Z_0, Z_1 | ^c . | ^d . | ^e . | ⁰ | 1 Alternative starting values | ON OFF | | |
| ⁰ Recursion $C_n^{\lambda}(x)$ | ¹ $n=1$? | ² $L_n^{\infty}(x)$ | ³ $H_n(x)$ | ⁴ . | ¹ | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | DEG <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | FIX <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ⁵ $n=0$? | ⁶ USED | ⁷ . | ⁸ $T_n(x)$ | ⁹ T_n, U_n | ³ | ² | <input type="checkbox"/> | GRAD <input type="checkbox"/> | SCI <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | | | | | ² | <input type="checkbox"/> | RAD <input type="checkbox"/> | ENG <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | | | | | ³ | <input type="checkbox"/> | | n = <u>2</u> |

Program Description I

Program Title Incomplete Gamma Function from x to ∞ .

Contributor's Name Rex H Shudde

Address 27105 Arriba Way

City Carmel

State CA

Zip Code 93921

Program Description, Equations, Variables

$$P(a, x) = \int_x^{\infty} t^{a-1} e^{-t} dt = e^{-x} x^a \left\{ \frac{1}{x+1} \frac{1-a}{1+1} \frac{1}{x+2} \frac{2-a}{1+2} \frac{2}{x+3} \dots \right\}$$

for $x > 0, |a| < \infty$

Take P_k/q_k when $p_k/q_k = p_{m-1}/q_{m-1}$, in the HP-67/97 where
 $\{ p_{2m} = p_{2m-1} + d_{2m} p_{2m-2}, p_{2m+1} = x p_{2m} + d_{2m+1} p_{2m-1} \} m = 1, 2, \dots$
 $\{ q_{2m} = q_{2m-1} + d_{2m} q_{2m-2}, q_{2m+1} = x q_{2m} + d_{2m+1} q_{2m-1} \}$
and $d_{2m} = m - a, d_{2m+1} = m$.

Starting values are $p_0 = 1, q_0 = p_1 = 1$, and $q_1 = x$.

p_k/q_k is known as the k^{th} convergent.

Operating Limits and Warnings The continued fraction expansion is presumably exact, but the finite capacity of the HP-67 limits the obtainable accuracy. A partial "accuracy table" is given on the next page. For other values the user is advised to compute $P(a, x)$ analytically for integer values of a and x in the region of interest. For this purpose the recursion $P(a, x) = x^{a-1} e^{-x} + (a-1) P(a-1, x)$ and $P(1, x) = e^{-x}$ can be used.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in Program Description II. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Program Description II

In the "accuracy" table below, the relative error $(y_c - y_e)/y_e$ is listed where y_c is the continued fraction solution and y_e is the analytic solution computed on the HP-67. In all of the test cases except one ($\Gamma(7, 200)$) the agreement was exact. For $\Gamma(7, 200)$ the relative error was -1×10^{-10} . The second quantity listed is the number of iterations (contents of register B) required for convergence. Note: Only the iteration counts for $\Gamma(0, x)$ and $\Gamma(10, x)$ have been given since accurate or analytic comparison values are not readily available.

"Accuracy" Table

| x | $\Gamma(0, x)$ | $\Gamma(1_2, x)$ | $\Gamma(1, x)$ | $\Gamma(3, x)$ | $\Gamma(5, x)$ | $\Gamma(7, x)$ | $\Gamma(10, x)$ |
|---------|----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 0. 0001 | | | 0 1 | 0 3 | No | | |
| 0. 001 | No | No | 0 1 | 0 3 | Solution | No | No |
| 0. 01 | Solution | Solution | 0 1 | 0 3 | 0 5 | Solution | Solution |
| 0. 1 | | | 0 1 | 0 3 | 0 5 | 0 7 | |
| 1. 0 | 42 | 40 | 0 1 | 0 3 | 0 5 | 0 7 | 0 10 |
| 2. 0 | 24 | 28 | 0 1 | 0 3 | 0 5 | 0 7 | 0 10 |
| 5. 0 | 11 | 10 | 0 1 | 0 3 | 0 5 | 0 7 | 0 10 |
| 10. 0 | 8 | 10 | 0 1 | 0 3 | 0 5 | 0 7 | 0 10 |
| 50. 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 1 | 0 3 | 0 4 | 0 5 | 0 5 |
| 200. 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 1 | 0 3 | -1 -10 | 3 0 | 3 |

$$\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}, 5) = 1.774603258 - 03$$

$$\Gamma(0, 20) = 9.835525289 - 11$$

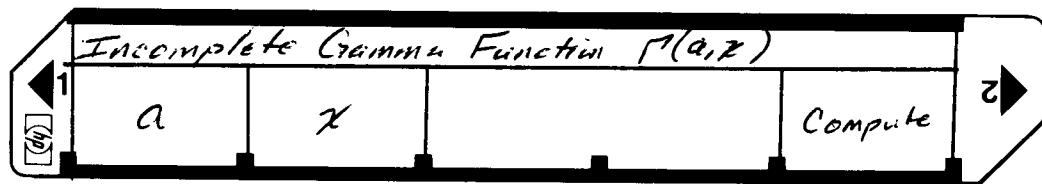
$$\Gamma(10, 200) = 7.417614091 - 67$$

$$\Gamma(3, 0.0001) = 1.000000000 00$$

Reference(s) 1. "Handbook of Mathematical Functions", Abramowitz and Stegun, National Bureau of Standards, 1968. §6.5.31 pg 263.

2. The method of convergents is discussed by C.D. Olds, "Continued Fractions", Random House, 1963

User Instructions



| LABELS | | | | | FLAGS | SET STATUS | | |
|--------|---|---|---|-----|-------|------------|------|------|
| A | B | C | D | E | 0 | FLAGS | TRIG | DISP |
| a | b | c | d | e | 1 | ON OFF | DEG | FIX |
| 0 ✓ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 | GRAD | SCI |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 ✓ | 3 | 2 | RAD | ENG |
| | | | | | | 3 | n ✓ | |

97 Program Listing I

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|----------------|----------|------------------------|------|----------------|----------|---------------------------|
| 001 | *LBLA | 21 11 | | 057 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 002 | STO1 | 35 01 | Store a | 058 | x | -35 | |
| 003 | R/S | 51 | | 059 | + | -55 | |
| 004 | *LBLB | 21 12 | | 060 | STO7 | 35 07 | |
| 005 | STO3 | 35 03 | | 061 | 0 | 00 | q _{2m+1} |
| 006 | R/S | 51 | | 062 | X=Y? | 16-32 | If q _{2m+1} = 0, |
| 007 | *LBLB | 21 15 | | 063 | GT00 | 22 00 | iterate again, |
| 008 | RCL3 | 36 03 | | 064 | + | -55 | otherwise compute |
| 009 | STO7 | 35 07 | | 065 | = | -24 | new convergent |
| 010 | 0 | 00 | | 066 | RCL2 | 36 02 | Store new convergent |
| 011 | STO4 | 35 04 | | 067 | X ^Y | -41 | & compare to old |
| 012 | STO8 | 35 08 | | 068 | STO2 | 35 02 | convergent |
| 013 | 1 | 01 | | 069 | X#Y? | 16-32 | Loop if not equal |
| 014 | STO6 | 35 06 | | 070 | GT00 | 22 00 | |
| 015 | STO5 | 35 05 | | 071 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 016 | CHS | -22 | | 072 | RCL1 | 36 01 | |
| 017 | STO2 | 35 02 | | 073 | Y ^X | 31 | |
| 018 | *LBL0 | 21 00 | Iteration return point | 074 | x | -35 | |
| 019 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | 075 | RCL3 | 36 03 | |
| 020 | 1 | 01 | | 076 | CHS | -22 | |
| 021 | + | -55 | | 077 | e ^x | 33 | |
| 022 | STO8 | 35 08 | m < m+1 | 078 | x | -35 | |
| 023 | RCL1 | 36 01 | | 079 | R/S | 51 | |
| 024 | - | -45 | d _{2m} | 080 | | | Display result |
| 025 | ENT1 | -21 | | | | | |
| 026 | ENT1 | -21 | | | | | |
| 027 | RCL4 | 36 04 | | | | | |
| 028 | x | -35 | | | | | |
| 029 | RCL5 | 36 05 | | | | | |
| 030 | + | -55 | | | | | |
| 031 | STO4 | 35 04 | | | | | |
| 032 | X ^Y | -41 | | | | | |
| 033 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | | | | |
| 034 | x | -35 | | | | | |
| 035 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | | | | |
| 036 | + | -55 | | | | | |
| 037 | STO6 | 35 06 | | | | | |
| 038 | 0 | 00 | | | | | |
| 039 | X=Y? | 16-32 | | | | | |
| 040 | GT09 | 22 09 | | | | | |
| 041 | + | -55 | | | | | |
| 042 | = | -24 | | | | | |
| 043 | *LBL9 | 21 09 | | | | | |
| 044 | STO2 | 35 02 | | | | | |
| 045 | RCL8 | 36 08 | Store new convergent | 100 | | | |
| 046 | RCL5 | 36 05 | d _{2m+1} | | | | |
| 047 | x | -35 | | | | | |
| 048 | RCL4 | 36 04 | | | | | |
| 049 | RCL3 | 36 03 | | | | | |
| 050 | x | -35 | | | | | |
| 051 | + | -55 | | | | | |
| 052 | STO5 | 35 05 | | | | | |
| 053 | RCL8 | 36 08 | | | | | |
| 054 | RCL7 | 36 07 | | | | | |
| 055 | x | -35 | | | | | |
| 056 | RCL6 | 36 06 | | | | | |

REGISTERS

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| S0 | S1 | S2 | S3 | S4 | S5 | S6 | S7 | S8 | S9 |
| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J |

Program Description I

Program Title Incomplete Beta Function

Contributor's Name Rex H Shudde

Address 27105 Arriba Way

City Carmel

State CA

Zip Code 93921

Program Description, Equations, Variables

$$B_x(a, b) = \int_0^x t^{a-1}(1-t)^{b-1} dt = \frac{x^a(1-x)^b}{a} \left\{ \frac{1}{1+t} \frac{d_1}{1+t} \frac{d_2}{1+t} \dots \right\} \text{ for } 0 < x \leq 1, \\ a > 0, b > 0$$

Take $B_x(a, b) = p_k/q_k$ when $p_k/q_k = p_{k-2}/q_{k-2}$ where

$p_k = d_k/p_{k-2} + p_{k-1}$ and $q_k = d_k q_{k-2} + q_{k-1}$ for $k = 1, 2, \dots$
and

$$d_{2m+1} = -\frac{(a+m)(a+b+m)x}{(a+2m)(a+2m-1)}, \quad m = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$d_{2m} = \frac{m(b-m)x}{(a+2m+1)(a+2m)}, \quad m = 1, 2, \dots$$

The starting values are $p_1 = 0$, $p_0 = q_0 = q_{-1} = 1$. The reference to this continued fraction states that "best results are obtained for $x < a-1$ ".

The program may be extended by using the relationship $B_x(a, b) = B(a, b) - B_{1-x}(b, a)$ where $B(a, b) = \Gamma(a)\Gamma(b)/\Gamma(a+b)$.

The complete Gamma function $\Gamma(a)$ can be computed using other programs in the HP-67/97 library.

Operating Limits and Warnings The continued fraction expansion is exact, but the finite capacity of the HP-67/97 limits obtainable accuracy. A partial "accuracy table" is given on the next page.

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Program Description II

In the "accuracy table" below, the relative error $(z_c - z_a)/z_a$ is listed where z_c is the continued fraction solution & z_a is the analytic solution computed on the HP67 (-3.09, for example, means -3×10^{-9}). The second quantity listed is the number of iterations (at about 4.2 seconds/iteration) for convergence. An iteration count is the contents of register 8 after the solution has been obtained. In the table, * denotes values for which the analytic solution suffered severe truncation error; presumably the continued fraction is valid.

"Accuracy Table"

| x | $B_x(10,3)$ | $B_x(10,1)$ | $B_x(3,1)$ | $B_x(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$ | $B_x(1,3)$ | $B_x(1,10)$ | $B_x(3,10)$ |
|--------|-------------|-------------|------------|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| 0.0001 | -7-10 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 0.001 | 5-10 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3-10 3 | -3-10 3 |
| 0.01 | 0 3 | 1-10 2 | 0 | 2 | -1-09 3 | -2-10 3 | -3-10 4 |
| 0.1 | 1-10 5 | 1-10 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 4 | 1-10 4 | 2-10 7 |
| 0.2 | -4-10 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | -4-10 5 | 0 4 | -1-09 9 |
| 0.5 | -7-10 6 | 0 | 2 | 0 | -1-09 7 | 7-10 4 | 0 12 |
| 0.8 | -6-9 19 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 9-10 13 | -2-9 4 | 6-05 11 |
| 0.9 | 2-8 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | -8-10 26 | -6-08 4 | 2-03 11 |
| 0.99 | 1-5 9 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1-08 53 | -5-05 4 |
| 0.999 | 2-2 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | No 175 | -5-02 4 | Solution |
| 0.9999 | No good | 5 | 0 | 2 | Solution | No good | 6 |

Examples:

$$B_{0.4}(3,1) = 2.430000000-01$$

$$B_{0.4}(10,1) = 3.486784401-02$$

$$B_{0.5}(3,10) = 1.485928621-03$$

$$B_{0.5}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}) = 1.570796325+00$$

The analytic solutions used for checking are:
 $B_x(10,3) = x^{10}(\frac{1}{10} - \frac{2^2}{11} + \frac{2^2}{12})$; $B_x(10,1) = x^{10}/10$;

$$B_x(3,1) = x^{3/3}; B_x(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}) = 2 \sin^{-1} \sqrt{x};$$

$$B_x(1,3) = [1 - (1-x)^{1/3}]^3/3; B_x(1,10) = [1 - (1-x)^{1/10}]^{10}/10$$

$$B_x(3,10) = (2!5!)^{1/12} - B_{1-x}(10,3)$$

Also, $B_x(1,1) = x$ had an error of no more than 6×10^{-10} for all values in the table.

Reference(s) 1. "Handbook of Mathematical Functions", Abramowitz and Stegun, National Bureau of Standards, 1968, §26.5.8 pg 944.

2. The method of convergents is discussed in C.D. Olds, "Continued Fractions", Random House, 1963

User Instructions



| LABELS | | | | | FLAGS | SET STATUS | | |
|--------|---|---|---|---------|-------|--|---|---|
| A | B | C | D | E | 0 | FLAGS | TRIG | DISP |
| a | b | x | | compute | 1 | ON OFF 0 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DEG <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | FIX <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| a | b | c | d | e | 1 | 1 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | GRAD <input type="checkbox"/> | SCI <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | RAD <input type="checkbox"/> | ENG <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 3 | 3 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | n <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |

97 Program Listing I

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|-----------|----------|------------------------------------|------|-----------|----------|----------|
| 001 | *LBL E | 21 15 | | 057 | + | -55 | |
| 002 | 1 | 01 | | 058 | / | -24 | |
| 003 | STO 7 | 35 07 | | 059 | LSTX | 16-63 | |
| 004 | STO 6 | 35 06 | | 060 | 1 | 01 | |
| 005 | STO 4 | 35 04 | | 061 | - | -45 | |
| 006 | 0 | 00 | | 062 | / | -24 | |
| 007 | STO 8 | 35 08 | | 063 | RCL 3 | 36 03 | |
| 008 | STO 5 | 35 05 | | 064 | X | -35 | |
| 009 | *LBL 0 | 21 08 | Initialize starting values | 065 | ENT↑ | -21 | |
| 010 | STO 9 | 35 03 | Iteration Loop Store convergent | 066 | ENT↑ | -21 | |
| 011 | RCL 1 | 36 01 | | 067 | RCL 4 | 36 04 | |
| 012 | RCL 8 | 36 08 | | 068 | X | -35 | |
| 013 | + | -55 | $\alpha + m$ | 069 | RCL 5 | 36 05 | |
| 014 | ENT↑ | -21 | | 070 | + | -55 | |
| 015 | ENT↑ | -21 | | 071 | STO 4 | 35 04 | |
| 016 | RCL 2 | 36 02 | | 072 | X#Y | -41 | |
| 017 | + | -55 | $\alpha + m + b$ | 073 | RCL 6 | 36 06 | |
| 018 | X | -35 | ($\alpha + m + b$) | 074 | X | -35 | |
| 019 | RCL 1 | 36 01 | | 075 | RCL 7 | 36 07 | |
| 020 | RCL 8 | 36 08 | | 076 | + | -55 | |
| 021 | + | -55 | | 077 | STO 6 | 35 06 | |
| 022 | RCL 8 | 36 08 | | 078 | X#0? | 16-42 | |
| 023 | + | -55 | ($\alpha + 2m$) | 079 | / | -24 | |
| 024 | / | -24 | | 080 | RCL 9 | 36 09 | |
| 025 | LSTX | 16-63 | | 081 | X#Y | -41 | |
| 026 | 1 | 01 | | 082 | X#Y? | 16-32 | |
| 027 | + | -55 | ($\alpha + 2m + 1$) | 083 | GT08 | 22 08 | |
| 028 | / | -24 | | 084 | RCL 3 | 36 03 | |
| 029 | RCL 3 | 36 03 | X | 085 | RCL 1 | 36 01 | |
| 030 | X | -35 | | 086 | Y* | 31 | |
| 031 | CHS | -22 | d_{2k+1} | 087 | X | -35 | |
| 032 | ENT↑ | -21 | | 088 | 1 | 01 | |
| 033 | ENT↑ | -21 | | 089 | RCL 3 | 36 03 | |
| 034 | RCL 5 | 36 05 | P_{2k-1} | 090 | - | -45 | |
| 035 | X | -35 | | 091 | RCL 2 | 36 02 | |
| 036 | RCL 4 | 36 04 | P_{2k} | 092 | Y* | 31 | |
| 037 | + | -55 | | 093 | X | -35 | |
| 038 | STO 5 | 35 05 | P_{2k+1} | 094 | RCL 1 | 36 01 | |
| 039 | CLX | -51 | | 095 | / | -24 | |
| 040 | RCL 7 | 36 07 | q_{2k-1} | 096 | R/S | 51 | |
| 041 | X | -35 | | 097 | *LBL A | 21 11 | |
| 042 | RCL 6 | 36 06 | q_{2k} | 098 | STO 1 | 35 01 | |
| 043 | + | -55 | | 099 | R/S | 51 | |
| 044 | STO 7 | 35 07 | q_{2k+1} | 100 | *LBL B | 21 12 | |
| 045 | RCL 8 | 36 08 | | 101 | STO 2 | 35 02 | |
| 046 | 1 | 01 | | 102 | R/S | 51 | |
| 047 | + | -55 | | 103 | *LBL C | 21 13 | |
| 048 | STO 8 | 35 08 | $m \leftarrow m + 1$ | 104 | STO 3 | 35 03 | |
| 049 | RCL 2 | 36 02 | | 105 | R/S | 51 | |
| 050 | RCL 8 | 36 08 | | | | | |
| 051 | - | -45 | | | | | |
| 052 | X | -35 | $m(b-m)$ | | | | |
| 053 | RCL 1 | 36 01 | | | | | |
| 054 | RCL 8 | 36 08 | | | | | |
| 055 | + | -55 | | | | | |
| 056 | RCL 8 | 36 08 | | | | | |

REGISTERS

| 0 | 1 a | 2 b | 3 x | 4 P_{2k} | 5 P_{2k+1} | 6 q_{2k} | 7 q_{2k+1} | 8 m | 9 Convergent |
|----|-----|-----|-----|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|-----|--------------|
| S0 | S1 | S2 | S3 | S4 | S5 | S6 | S7 | S8 | S9 |
| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J |

Program Description I

Program Title Incomplete Elliptic Integrals

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Program Description, Equations, Variables This program computes the generalized incomplete integral of the second kind to about 10 significant figures

$$el2(x, k', a, b) = \int_0^x \frac{(a + b \xi^2) d\xi}{(1 + \xi^2) \sqrt{(1 + \xi^2)(1 + k'^2 \xi^2)}}$$

If $\phi = \tan^{-1} x$ and $k = \sqrt{1 - k'^2}$, the standard incomplete integrals of the first and second kind are obtained as special cases

$$F(\phi, k) = el2(x, k', 1, 1)$$

$$E(\phi, k) = el2(x, k', 1, k'^2)$$

Note: $k^2 el2(x, k', a, b) = (b - ak'^2) F(\phi, k) + (a - b) E(\phi, k)$

When $x > 10^{10} \times \text{maximum}\{1, 1/k'^2\}$, the results are the complete elliptic integrals. The technique of the arithmetico-geometric mean is used.

Operating Limits and Warnings

There is an error exit if $k' = 0$, but in this case $E(\phi, 1) = \sin \phi$

$$F(\phi, 1) = \ln(\sec \phi + \tan \phi)$$

This program has been verified only with respect to the numerical example given in *Program Description II*. User accepts and uses this program material AT HIS OWN RISK, in reliance solely upon his own inspection of the program material and without reliance upon any representation or description concerning the program material.

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Program Description II

~~sketches~~ In the standard trigonometric form

$$el2(x, h', a, b) = \int_0^{\phi} \frac{a + (b-a) \sin^2 \alpha}{\sqrt{1-h^2 \sin^2 \alpha}} d\alpha, \quad F(\phi, h) = \int_0^{\phi} \frac{d\alpha}{\sqrt{1-h^2 \sin^2 \alpha}}$$

$$E(\phi, h) = \int_0^{\phi} \sqrt{1-h^2 \sin^2 \alpha} d\alpha, \quad B(\phi, h) = \int_0^{\phi} \frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{\sqrt{1-h^2 \sin^2 \alpha}} d\alpha, \quad D(\phi, h) = \int_0^{\phi} \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\sqrt{1-h^2 \sin^2 \alpha}} d\alpha$$

where again $x = \tan \phi$, $h^2 = 1 - h'^2$

Sample Problem(s)

1) If $h' = 10^{-11}$ and $x = 10^{10}$, what is $F(x, h')$?

2) If $\phi = 80^\circ$ and $h' = \cos(29^\circ)$ what is $E(x, h')$?

Solution(s) 1) EEX 10 \boxed{E} EEX CHS 11 $\boxed{A} \rightarrow 23.71650742$

2) 80 $\boxed{g} \boxed{D \rightarrow R} \rightarrow 1.396263402$ $\boxed{f} \boxed{TAN} \rightarrow 5.671281833$ ($\tan 80^\circ$)

24 $\boxed{g} \boxed{D \rightarrow R} \rightarrow 4.188790205 \times 10^{-1}$ $\boxed{f} \boxed{\cos} \rightarrow 9.135454576 \times 10^{-1}$

$\boxed{E} \rightarrow 1.344059030$

Reference(s) Abramowitz and Stegun, Handbook of Mathematical Functions, National Bureau of Standards (AMS 55), 1968.

R. Bulirsch, Numerische Mathematik I, 78 (1965).

User Instructions

Incomplete Elliptic Integrals

$\text{el2}(x, h', a, b)$
 $x \uparrow h', F(x, h') \uparrow h', B(x, h') \uparrow h' \uparrow a \uparrow b \uparrow h', D(x, h') \uparrow h', E(x, h')$

| STEP | INSTRUCTIONS | INPUT DATA/UNITS | KEYS | OUTPUT DATA/UNITS |
|------|--|---------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 1 | Load side 1 and side 2 | | | |
| 2 | Input x, h' | x h' | E↑ | x h' |
| 3 | Compute $F(x, h')$ or Compute $B(x, h')$ or Compute $D(x, h')$ or Compute $E(x, h')$ | | A B D E | $F(x, h')$ $B(x, h')$ $D(x, h')$ $E(x, h')$ |
| 4 | For a new case return to step 2 | | | |
| 4 | Input x, h', a, b and compute the generalized form el2 | x h' a b | E↑ E↑ E↑ C | x h' a $\text{el2}(x, h', a, b)$ |
| 2' | (Optional) If input is the value of the modular angle α , the relation $h' = \cos \alpha$ can be used (Remember the calculator is in radians mode!) | | | |
| | Also If the amplitude ϕ is given, $x = \tan \phi$. Note, however, that if ϕ is near 90° , ϕ is not a good input parameter | | | |
| | Complete elliptic integrals can be computed by setting x to 10^{10} times the larger of 1 and $ 1/h' $ | | | |

67 Program Listing I

| STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS | STEP | KEY ENTRY | KEY CODE | COMMENTS |
|------|--------------------|----------|-------------------|------|------------------|----------|----------------------------------|
| 001 | fLBL A | 31 25 11 | | | fLBL 0 | 31 25 00 | Begin loop |
| | 1 | 01 | | | RCL 7 | 34 07 | |
| | E↑ | 41 | a, b for F(x, h) | | RCL 0 | 34 00 | |
| | GTO C | 22 13 | | 060 | RCL 1 | 34 01 | |
| | fLBL B | 31 25 12 | | | x | 71 | |
| | 1 | 01 | | | STA 9 | 33 09 | |
| | E↑ | 41 | a, b for B(x, h') | | RCL 6 | 34 06 | |
| | 0 | 00 | | | x | 71 | |
| | GTO C | 22 13 | | | RCL 5 | 34 05 | |
| 010 | fLBL D | 31 25 14 | | | ÷ | 81 | |
| | 0 | 00 | | | STO +7 | 33 61 07 | |
| | E↑ | 41 | a, b for D(x, h') | | CLX | 44 | |
| | 1 | 01 | | | h LSTx | 35 82 | |
| | GTO C | 22 13 | | 070 | ÷ | 81 | Compute A.G.M. |
| | fLBL E | 31 25 15 | | | RCL 6 | 34 06 | |
| | g x ² | 32 54 | | | + | 61 | |
| | h LSTx | 35 82 | | | 2 | 02 | |
| | h x ² y | 35 52 | | | ÷ | 81 | |
| | 1 | 01 | | | STO 6 | 33 06 | |
| 020 | h x ² y | 35 52 | | | RCL 9 | 34 09 | |
| | fLBL C | 31 25 13 | | | RCL 5 | 34 05 | |
| | f P ² S | 31 42 | | | ÷ | 81 | |
| | STO 3 | 33 03 | | 080 | STO +5 | 33 61 05 | |
| | h x ² y | 35 52 | | | RCL 9 | 34 09 | |
| | STO 2 | 33 02 | | | CHS | 42 | |
| | - | 51 | | | RCL 4 | 34 09 | |
| | STO 8 | 33 08 | | | ÷ | 81 | |
| | 1 | 01 | | | h LSTx | 35 82 | |
| | STO 0 | 33 00 | | | + | 61 | |
| 030 | h RT↑ | 35 54 | | | F x ≠ 0 | 31 61 | |
| | f x = 0 | 31 51 | | | GTO 1 | 22 01 | |
| | h RTN | 35 23 | | | RCL 9 | 34 09 | |
| | h ABS | 35 64 | | | f ¹ x | 31 54 | branch to avoid dividing by zero |
| | 1 | 81 | | 090 | EEX | 43 | |
| | STO 4 | 33 04 | | | CHS | 42 | |
| | STO 7 | 33 07 | | | 1 | 01 | |
| | h R↑ | 35 54 | | | 2 | 02 | |
| | h ABS | 35 64 | | | x | 71 | |
| | STO 1 | 33 01 | | | fLBL 1 | 31 25 01 | |
| 040 | 0 | 00 | | | STO 4 | 33 04 | |
| | g x = y | 32 51 | | | RCL 3 | 34 03 | |
| | g ÷ | 81 | | | RCL 2 | 34 02 | |
| | STO 6 | 33 06 | | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | |
| | h STI | 35 33 | | 100 | x | 71 | |
| | h R↓ | 35 53 | | | STO +3 | 33 61 03 | |
| | g x ² | 32 54 | | | CLX | 44 | |
| | h x ² y | 35 52 | | | RCL 0 | 34 00 | |
| | g x ² | 32 54 | | | ÷ | 81 | |
| | + | 61 | | | RCL 2 | 34 02 | |
| 050 | h LSTx | 35 82 | | | + | 61 | |
| | 1 | 01 | | | 2 | 02 | |
| | + | 61 | | | ÷ | 81 | |
| | STO ÷ 7 | 33 81 07 | | | STO 2 | 33 02 | |
| | ÷ | 81 | | | RCL 0 | 34 00 | |
| | f ¹ x | 31 54 | | | RCL 1 | 34 01 | |
| | STO 5 | 33 05 | | | STO +0 | 33 61 00 | |

REGISTERS

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| S0 used | S1 used | S2 used | S3 used | S4 used | S5 used | S6 used | S7 used | S8 used | S9 used |
| A | B | C | D | E | | I | | | |

67 Program Listing II

| LABELS | | | | | FLAGS | | SET STATUS | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----------|---|----------|---|-----------|---|------------|---|----------|---|--|-------|--|---|---|
| A | F(x, h') | B | B(x, h') | C | el 2 | D | D(x, h') | E | E(x, h') | 0 | | FLAGS | TRIG | DISP | |
| a | b | c | d | e | | e | | | | 1 | | ON 0 | OFF <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DEG <input type="checkbox"/> | FIX <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 0 | loop | 1 | branch | 2 | exit loop | 3 | | 4 | | 2 | | 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | GRAD <input type="checkbox"/> | SCI <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 | | 6 | | 7 | | 8 | | 9 | | 3 | | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | RAD <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | ENG <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | n <u>g</u> | |

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